THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1866 NO. 137.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 liner of minion type which constitues a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 6.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	2 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

AT COST!!

KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,
AT THE OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG,
21 *Fayetteville Street,*
Raleigh, N. C.
ARE NOW SELLING OFF THEIR STOCK AT New York cost.

Dress Goods and Calicoes
AT COST!
Trimmings and Fancy Articles
AT COST!
Hats and Boots and Shoes
AT COST!
Groceries and Cigars
AT COST!
Fine Old Brandy, Gin and Whiskey,
In Bottles,
—AND—
Superior Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Per Gallon or Barrel,
AT COST!

Dealers and the public generally will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock.
KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 16-133 3m.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between **C. J. IREDELL & A. TREDWELL,** is this day dissolved by A. Tredwell retiring from the firm. The business will be continued by C. J. Iredell, who will assume all debts for and against the firm of C. J. Iredell & Co.
C. J. IREDELL,
A. TREDWELL.

C. J. IREDELL,

Intending to change his business after this month, now offers, at very low prices, his entire stock, consisting of
Confectioneries,
Fruits,
Nuts,
Soda and other Crackers,
Black and Green Tea,
Toys and Fancy Articles,
Baskets, Jars, &c.

Merchants, particularly, will find it to their interests to call and buy.
C. J. IREDELL,
No. 14 Fayetteville Street,
Next to Pescud's Drug Store,
Jan 12, 130, 1w. Raleigh, N. C.

A. A. WILLARD,
Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Groceries and General Merchandize,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 34 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO
Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear, Greensboro.
Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James Corner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 127 6m.

OFFICE OF THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST CO.,
January 1st, 1866.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH RESOLUTIONS OF THE Board of Directors of this Company, the Treasurer will pay upon its legal liabilities, 25 per cent in Bank Bills at their face value [averaging the value of the bills so as to do equal justice] upon surrender to him of the evidences of debt, —excepting such liabilities as were contracted in Confederate Treasury Notes," and "will issue new certificates to the holders of paper thus surrendered, for the payment of their pro rata of whatever balance the Company can pay upon a final adjustment of its affairs and collection of its assets." Interest will be computed to present date upon all interest bearing liabilities. All persons indebted to the Company are requested to make speedy settlement. jan 15, 132, 1w.

HAMPSHIRE COAL.

CARGO OF 275 TONS HAMPSHIRE COAL DAily expected from Baltimore.

This coal is bituminous, and perhaps the best coal known for steam purposes, whether for locomotives or steamboats. It is used almost exclusively by Northern railroad companies and the Cunard Steamers. It is also represented as the best blacksmith's coal in the country, and is very extensively used in iron works for forging, etc. It is soft and friable, the fine coal being as good for use as the lump.

The attention of railroad companies, iron works and machine shops, is particularly invited to the importance of a trial of this coal.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for the Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Company, will be prepared to furnish any quantity required, at a reasonable price.

Orders respectfully solicited.
PETER MALLETT,
No. 23 North Water street.
Wilmington, January 16-133-1m.

W. GOODMAN, Mississippi. A. P. MERRILL, JR., New York.
GOODMAN & MERRILL,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants.
36 New Street, New York.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE ADVANCES ON consignments in store or on receipt of bills of lading.

All consignments to us will be covered by Fire and Marine Insurance unless otherwise directed.

We have made an arrangement with Mr. D. W. Courts, late Public Treasurer of N. C., by which he becomes interested in all the business sent us from that State. We solicit the patronage of his friends.

He is not associated now with the firm of Bonnett, Van Pelt & Co., New York.
Jan 8, 126, 3ms.

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN OF SEVERAL YEARS' EXPErience in teaching the English branches and Latin, desires a situation. References given. Address HERCULES,
Care of Dr. R. S. F. Peete,
Jan 15, 132, 3t Warrenton, N. C.

DIRECT IMPORTATION!

200 HHDS. AND 200 TIERCES NEW CROP Molasses, momentarily expected per Brig *Benjamin Carver* from Cardenas—for sale by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Jan 12, 130, 2w. Wilmington, N. C.
*** Standard copy two weeks.

WM. J. BAKER, PULASKI COWPER, WM. H. JONES.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
Merchants,
AND BROKERS.
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.
RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL SELL ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE AND goods of any description on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts, keep on hand for sale, and will buy and sell Gold and Silver Coin and Bank Notes. Dec 15—109—3m.

FOR SALE.

FINE BUCK WHEAT AND FAMILY FLOUR.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 21-114-tf.

For Sale.

8 OR 10 SETTS WHEEL AND LEAD HARNESS for Horse or Mule. Also, Reins, and Horse Covers.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 29-118-tf

For Sale.

LAW and Miscellaneous Books, &c.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15 109-tf

For Sale.

BOWLES AND PITCHERS, PLATES, TEA POTS, Sugar Dishes, Egg Cups and Tumblers, Ovens and Tops and extra Lids, and three boxes Liquorice.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 21-114—tf

COTTON FARM! COTTON FARM!!

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE COTTON FARM in one mile of Raleigh, N. C? If you do, call on BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 22-115-tf.

TWO

COMPETENT YOUNG LADIES DESIRE SITUations as Teachers of Music, Painting, Drawing, French, and the English branches generally.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
January 5, 1866-124-tf.

FOR SALE.

HATS AND CAPS, GINGER WINE, AND DR. Orton's Carminative Bitters.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, Jan 2, 121, tf.

FOR SALE.

SUPERIOR RYE WHISKEY, BY THE KEG AND Barrel. Also, a second hand Buggy.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Jan 12—130—tf

EDWARD J. HALE, JR.,
OF FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
with
ROMME, DUNKLE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
370 Broadway, New York,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Furs, Parasols, &c
Jan'y 6, 126, 1mpd.

Notice.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THE NORTH CAROLIna Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will commence on Monday, January 1st, 1866. Parents and friends of pupils will please send them in promptly. For terms of admission, &c., apply to me at Raleigh, N. C.
W. J. PALMER, Principal.
Dec 29, 118, 1m.

Paper for Sale—Rags Wanted.

THE FOREST MANUFACTURING COMPANY are making a superior quality of Book and News Paper.
—ALSO—
Envelope and Wrapping Paper, which they offer at low prices
They wish to purchase large quantities of clean
Cotton and Linen Rags,
for which they will pay the highest cash price. Address FOREST MANUFACTURING CO.,
Jan 3rd. 122, 9t. Forestville, N. C.

WANTED,

INFORMATION—WILLIE REESE (A SOLDIER) left Richmond for his home in Alabama, on the 10th of last March, in bad health. Any information in regard to him will be thankfully received by his distressed parents.
W. P. REESE,
Selma, Alabama.
Jan. 1-120-1m.

Desirable Farm for Sale.

THE PLANTATION SITUATED ABOUT TWO and a half miles from the village of Magnolia on the Wilmington and Weldon R. R., between that place and Kenansville, and known as "Barbacue," is offered for sale. The tract contains 360 acres, 100 of which are cleared and have been under cultivation, producing excellent Corn, Wheat, potatoes, &c. A portion of the land is also well adapted to the culture of cotton. An inexhaustible bed of Marl, a large spring of as good water as can be found in the State, and a never failing stream, running through the center of the cleared land, are among the attractions of the place.

The timbered portion of the land being nearest the Rail Road, and the entire place being easy of access to a first rate market, make it a highly desirable location for growing produce, raising stock and selling timber. Any one having the cash, can procure a bargain by applying immediately to
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, Jan 2 121-5-1m

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. F. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.
SHAFER & NORWOOD,
Commission Merchants,
No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.
Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO
Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; Mollwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Steel, Greensboro, N C; L Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R 67-tf.

O. G. PARSLEY, JOHN JUDGE, } O. G. PARSLEY, JR. HENRY SAVAGE
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.
Importers
AND
Commission Merchants,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Solicit Consignments for Sale or Shipment of
Cotton,
Cotton Yarns,
Domestics,
Naval Stores,
And other
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Have always in Store, and are receiving constantly, consignments, for sale at lowest market rates, of
Gunny Bagging, Gunny Bags,
Bale Rope, Mess Pork,
Bacon Sides and Shoulders,
Sugar, Coffee, Molasses,
Flour, Butter, Cheese,
Irish Potatoes, Onions,
Crackers, Mackerel,
Pickled Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Codfish, Nails,
Powder, Shot,
Window Glass, Paints,
Linseed, Kerosene, Tanners', and
Lubricating Oils, in 5-gal. cans & bbls.,
Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum and Gin,
Soap, Candles,
Starch, Salt, Lime, &c., &c., &c.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.
AGENTS FOR
DUPONT'S POWDER.
300 Hhds New Crop Molasses, direct from Cardenas, daily expected.
To arrive during February or March:—
2,000 Bags Coffee direct from Rio Janeiro.
200 Hhds Sugar direct from Porto Rico.
Jan. 1-120-3m.

NEW COMMISSION HOUSE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ASSOciated themselves together under the style and firm of
JAS. McKIMMON & SONS,
for the purpose of carrying on a general
Auction and Commission Business,
at their old stand, No. 3 Fayetteville Street.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Cotton Cloth, Cotton Yarns, and all kinds of merchandize and Country Produce.

All business entrusted to our care, shall command our prompt attention.
JAMES McKIMMON,
A. N. McKIMMON,
JAMES McKIMMON, Jr.
Raleigh, January 8 126—1m.

THOMAS & CO.,
Bankers,
No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE,
$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100,000 Seven Thirties, [different series.]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues.]
$50 000 One-Year Certificates. Nov 16 85-tf

JAS. M. EDNEY,
Commission Merchant,
NO. 476½ BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Office of the Great American Pump,

A NEW AND WELL TRIED INVENTION, warranted to raise water from greater depths; to throw it further by hose; to force it to greater distances by hand than any other pump. The best insurance against fire.
JOHN POWERS, Manufacturer,
432 East 10th Street.

The American Wind Mill, Garden Engines, Brick Elevators, Hydropults, Hose, Rubber and Leather Belting, Brass Hose Pipes, Couplings, Bibbs, Pianos Melodeons, &c., always on hand dec 23, 116, tf

JOHN F. FOARD,
COMMISSION, AUCTION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
AND AGENT FOR
Selling or Leasing Real Estate,
NEAR OLD COUNTRY WHARF
NEWBERN N. C.

REFERENCES.
A T Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, Newbern; Dr W J Hawkins, late Pres't of R & G R R; Hon N Boyden, Pres't of N C R R, Salisbury; Col Wm Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S C R R, Charlotte; Hon J M Morehead Greensboro; Rev Dr Deems, Raleigh and Rev W E Pell, editor of *Sentinel* at Raleigh. oct 28-71-6ms

Exchange Hotel,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS BEEN RE-OPENed this day under the management of Reuben Wallace, Esq, late of Kinston, a gentleman well known for his tact and good management. It will be thoroughly furnished and fitted up for the accommodation of the public. The former patrons of the house and all who favor us with a call are assured that every thing will be done to render them comfortable.
W. H. CUNINGGIM, Proprietor.
Raleigh, January 3-121-1m.

*** The Wilmington Dispatch, Goldsboro News, Newbern Times, Greensboro Patriot, Salisbury Gazette, Charlotte Democrat and Petersburg Index will please insert 6 times and send bills to the proprietor.

FOR 1866.
BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED
ELLIPTIC

PATENT DUPLEX DOUBLE SPRING
SKIRTS.

EACH HOOP BEING COMPOSED OF TWO PERfectly Tempered Single Springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming one hoop, and making the *strongest* and most *flexible*, the *lightest* and most *durable spring* made.

They will not bend or break like the *single springs*, but will always preserve their *perfect* and *beautiful shape*, in all
Crowded Assemblages,
Churches,
Theatres,
Railroad Cars,
For Promenade
or House Dress,

In fact, they are superior to all others, combining
Comfort,
Economy,
Lightness and
Durability.

Enquire for
Bradley's Duplex Elliptic or Double Spring Skirt.

For sale *everywhere*. Manufactured exclusively by the sole owners of the patent,
Wests, Bradley & Cary,
297 *Chambers and* 79 *and* 81 *Reade Sts, New York.*

A full assortment of these Superior Skirts constantly on hand, and for sale in a great variety of sizes, by
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,
A. KLINE,
RANDALL & MANN,

And all other Merchants who sell First Class Skirts in this City and throughout the Southern States.
Jan 9, 127, 3ms.

Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime,
OR
BONE MANURE.
WARRANTED GENUINE.

BEING MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL AND in the most approved manner, it is recommended to the public as superior to any other in the market. All who have used it speak of it in the highest terms of praise, and those engaged in its manufacture will continue their best endeavors to advance the high reputation which it has acquired.

We guarantee the Phosphate to be well manufactured, and recommend it in preference to any other artificial manure in the market. We consider it nearly equal to the best Peruvian Guano, although furnished at half the price.

Messrs B H. Allen & Co., the well known manufacturers of agricultural implements, say of it:

"We take pleasure in stating that we have sold E. F Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime for four years—It has given universal satisfaction to our customers. We most cheerfully endorse it as an article worthy of the confidence of the public, and the purchaser may rely upon securing an article honestly and carefully manufactured.

"We would state that, after careful examination we believe this Phosphate has been improved each year since its introduction in this market, and that it will continue to maintain its present high standing. "Very respectfully,
"R. H. ALLEN & CO.,
"No. 191 Water street, New York."

E. FRANK COE, ESQ.,

Annexed please find result of my analysis of sample of your Super Phosphate of Lime left with me

This being such a superior article in every respect, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon such manufacture, which undoubtedly will meet with great success

Wishing you every success, I am,
Respectfully yours,
G. A. LEIBIG.

BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864.

Of Free Phosphoric Acid Hyd. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	10.28 / 7.45.
Of Bi-Phosphate of Lime. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	6.10 / 3.70.
Of Neutral Phosphate of Lime containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	8.35 / 4.36.
Of Sulphate of Lime hydrated. containing of Sulphuric Acid (So3.)	45.38 / 21.20.
Of Alkaline Salts as Sulphates.	1.11
Of Organic Combustible Matter. capable of producing Ammonia.	3.358 / 3.76.
Of Animal Coal and Sand.	5.00
Phosphoric Acid soluble in Water.	11.15.
Phosphoric Acid insoluble in Water.	4.86.
Ammonia	3.76.

MANUFACTURED BY
ENOCH COE, Hunter's Point L. I.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINted Agents for the State of North Carolina, and will supply this superior fertilizer at manufacturers' prices.

Put up in barrels of about 300 pounds weights.
700 Barrels now in Store,
and for sale by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.
Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 1 120-3m.

A Boarding House.

Mrs. M. J. Fentress,
No 15 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH,

CAN ACCOMMODATE FROM 12 TO 14 MEMBERS of the Legislature with good large rooms, cheap Boarding, and the positive assurance that nothing shall be left undone to secure their personal comfort and convenience Those interested in securing a home for a short time, will please make early application.
Raleigh, November 15 84-6m.

HENRY R. BRYAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERNE, N. C.
Dec. 20-118-3m.

PETER MALLETT
General Commission
AND
SHIPPING MERCHANT,
NO 23 NORTH WATER ST.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made. ☞ Orders promptly executed.
Nov 25—93-3ms.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

MRS. M. A. E. RAMSAY WILL ACCOMMODATE Gentleman Boarders with meals at $30 per week. Residence near B. F. Moore, Esq., fronting Nash square.

She is also prepared to make up Dresses or do other needle work in good style.
Raleg, Nov. 21-89-tf.

JOS. W. CARROLL, JOS. HOY, J. N NIVEN
JOSEPH HOY & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO 126 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

CARROLL, HOY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
NO. 36 PERDIDO STREET,
New Orleans.

REFER TO
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
C. B. HARRISON, ESQ.,
B. F. MOORE, ESQ.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Oct. 17th, 1865-61-3m.

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH.
16 HANOVER ST., *BALTIMORE.* | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, *NEW YORK.*
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Wool and Woolen Goods.

REFERENCES:

Chas. P. Mallet, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank,	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

Valuable Property for Sale.

I WILL SELL ONE HALF OR TWO THIRDS OF that valuable property, Piedmont Springs in Burke County, N. C., to any man who will reside upon the premises and give it his entire attention.

There is a gold mine upon the premises which will pay as well to work as any probably in the State. Superior water power for driving machinery. Climate and water unsurpassed, and a large quantity of superior timber. The buildings new and will accommodate 150 persons.

The soil is well adapted to the culture of the grasses, fruits, and the vine.

By a man of energy and capital, a fortune can be made here in a few years. Address,
E C LINDSAY, Norfolk, Va.
November 25-93-3taw2m

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,
Sycamore Street, Petersburg.
THOS. BRANCH & CO.,
79 Main Street, Richmond.
BRANCH, SONS & CO.,
Augusta, Ga.
Bankers and Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchanges, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Bonds

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account

☞ Liberal advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100,000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old negotiable notes to the Banks Dec 2-99 3m.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of
Whitford, Dill & Co.,
for the transaction of a Shipping and General
Commission Business,
in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States and for different ports in the West Indies Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.
JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.
November 29, 1865 96 6ms

DR. J. R. G. FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N C. J. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N C.
Faucette & Bro.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
Purchasing Agents,
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
Opposite the Gaston House,
NEWBERN, N. C.
December 16-110-3ms.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM will open the seventh session of her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother, Mrs Willie P Mangum, on the 18th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to
MISS M P MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.
Nov. 18-87-3m

Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February, 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Icard's Station on the Western Extension.

TERMS.

Board for twenty weeks,	$ 0 00
Tuition in English branches,	20 00
Music and use of Piano,	22 50
Drawing	8 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each,	5 00
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.	
Tuition in first class,	12 50
Tuition in second class,	15 00
Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College,	2 00

For circular, address until 1st of February,
REV. J. R. GRIFFITH,
Asheville, N. C.

P S. All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. dec 14 103—3ms.

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON the 11th of January, and close on the second Thursday in June. The College has been reorganized, refurnished, and is every way placed in a proper condition. At present, board will be $15 00 per month in currency; tuition and other expenses at the usual rates. All expenses to be paid in advance. A daily hack will run from the College to High Point on the N. C. Railroad. For further information, address the undersigned. B. CRAVEN, Pres't.
Dec. 29-118-1m.

☞ Standard, Wilmington Dispatch, Newbern Times, Fayetteville News, Greensboro Patriot, Charlotte Democrat and Petersburg Index, copy weekly one month, and forward accounts to me at Trinity College. B. C.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
KELLOGG & BRENIZER,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
INSURANCE AGENTS,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

GOLD AND SILVER, EXCHANGE, BANK Notes, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

Deposits received subject to sight checks as with the Banks.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Will transact all business promptly and on reasonable terms. jan 8, 124, 3m.

IMPORTANT SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 24TH OF JANUARY, 1866. I shall offer for sale, my plantation in Bertie County, lying on the Roanoke River, three miles from Hill's Ferry on said river, and six from the village of Woodville in Bertie County containing 1000 acres, more or less; 500 acres cleared and well adapted to the growth of cotton, corn wheat, &c.

There is a very fine opportunity to make a large cotton crop on the plantation the next year, as there is compost enough ready made to manure nearly 100 acres. The plantation made in 1864, 45,00 pounds of lint cotton, and 4,000 bushels of corn; and, with proper management, will do great deal better for the next year, as the most of the cotton land has had rest for the past two years. A very great advantage which this farm has is its convenience to transportation being only one mile to a good landing on the river where there is a regular line of steamers to Norfolk weekly. In addition to the above, this is the only river farm in this portion of the county that has fine wood enough, convenient for use; there is an abundance here, an inexhaustible supply of most every kind, cypress, oak, hickory, ash gum &c. Lumber dealers would do well to examine the land before the day of sale.

There are about 400 or 500 acres on this tract uncleared, which affords a fine range for hogs and a free access to numberless acres of uncultivated lands renders it very profitable for the raising of cattle, colts &c.

The improvements consist of a gin house and cotton screw overseer's house cabins enough for 25 or 30 laborers, corn barns &c. At the same time and place, I shall sell 200 or 300 barrels of corn, fodder, mules, horses hogs, farming utensils &c.

Terms for the land one third cash, the balance in two equal instalments, to bear respectively 12 and 18 months, and title withheld until payments made, or the perishable property, cash.

For any further particulars, address the subscriber at Enfield Halifax County, N.
D C CLARK.
Jan 2, 1866-122 tds.

DR. W. R. JONES

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Raleigh.

Office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store

Can be found at night at the residence of Rev. J. M. Atkinson.
Raleigh November 2, 1865 73 3m pd

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE COURT OF Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Craven county, December Term, 1865, I will sell, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on the 24th day of January next, the EGYPT PLANTATION, belonging to the Estate of Benj. F. Biddle, deceased, containing 1,300 acres.

It is situated on the South side of Neuse river, and immediately on the river, 20 miles above Newbern, and is one of the best farms on the river for the production of Cotton, Corn, Peas, and other crops usually grown in this section of the State.

A credit of 12, 18 and 24 months will be given, and bonds with satisfactory security required. The sale will be made at the farm.
SAM'L L. BIDDLE,
Adm'r of Ben'l. F. Biddle, deceased.
Dec 19 112. tds.

Select School

MISS M. MITCHELL AND MRS. E. N. GRANT, Propose receiving into their family, as pupils, a few young ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.
Chapel Hill, Nov. 11-81 tf.

COOKE'S HOTEL

IS open; and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good lodging, good eating, mineral water* to drink, and a *pipe* to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the Approaching Convention.
GEO. T. COOKE.
September 1, 1865 23-tf.

MESSAGE OF GOVERNOR WORTH.

To the Honorable the General Assembly, of North Carolina:

GENTLEMEN.—Being notified by a dispatch from the President of the United States, of the discontinuance of the Provisional Government, Gov. Holden turned over to me on the 28th. December last, the Great Seal of the State and other State effects in the Capitol, and I entered upon the discharge of my duties as Civil Governor.

I entertained the opinion, in which I was sustained by legal gentlemen whom I consulted, that under a proper construction of the 6th Section of the Ordinance of the Convention ratified on the 18th. day of October last, that the powers of Justices of the Peace and of all other officers appointed by the Provisional Governor, were determined by the discontinuance of the Provisional Government. This section of the ordinance is in the following words:

"All the acts and deeds of the Provisional Governor of the State appointed by the President of the United States, and likewise all the acts of any officer or agent by him appointed or under his authority, done, or which may be done in pursuance of the authority conferred on such officer or agent, are hereby ratified and declared to be valid to all intents and purposes: Provided nevertheless, that so far as it may be competent for this Convention to declare the same, all appointments made, and all offices and places created by or under the authority of the Provisional Governor shall cease at the close of the first session of the next General Assembly, or at such other time as that Assembly shall direct successors in such appointments or offices to be chosen or to be qualified, subject, however, to the provisions of the Revised Code, chapter seventy-seven, section three: Provided, however, that in all cases of appointments made by him of directors in any corporation they shall continue until the regular election of its officers."

Believing it absolutely necessary, that the General Assembly should be convened at an earlier day than that to which it had adjourned, I summoned the Executive Council to meet here on the third day of this month, when a quorum attended, and with their advice, I issued my proclamation in conformity with which you are now assembled.

It may be that a proper construction of the ordinance referred to, continued in office the sheriffs and clerks of the courts until the qualification of their successors: but it is clear that the powers of the Provisional Justices of the Peace, and of the municipal officers of corporate towns ceased with the Provisional government.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

I hear that in some counties there are justices of the peace who were commissioned and qualified before the 20th May 1861, who have not resigned, or taken the oath to support the Constitution of the Confederate States: and I presume it will be held that the offices of such justices were not vacated by the ordinance ratified 19th October last, entitled "An ordinance declaring vacant all the offices of the State in existence on the 20th day of April 1805."

The appointment of justices of the peace demands your earliest attention. It is a very important office, and great care should be taken that it be conferred only on intelligent and virtuous men. Our Constitution has entrusted this duty to the General Assembly, under the idea that the merits of the appointee would be duly weighed. A practice, however, has long prevailed, by which the selection of the justices of each county is in effect made by the representatives of such county. The nominations made by them, are usually confirmed without inquiry as to the fitness of the appointees, or the number needed in such county. Hence, many have been appointed to effect local or party objects, whereby many ignorant and bad men have been made justices of the peace, and the tenor of the office being during good behaviour, the mischief of a bad appointment is not easily remedied. In most of the counties there were greatly too many of them. From these causes, the office has lost much of the dignity which ought to belong to it. An opportunity is now offered to profit by the errors of the past.

The evil, both as to the number and quality of these officers, is so universally felt, that the Convention has under consideration and will probably adopt, at its next session, an amendment limiting the numbers to be appointed in each county; possibly altering the mode of appointment. I therefore respectfully recommend that only a very small number be appointed at the present session. These should be properly distributed over the county.

If it be deemed doubtful whether the provisional Sheriffs and Clerks of the Courts retain their authority until the qualification of their successors, I recommend that they be continued in office by an act to be passed by you, to enable them to qualify the justices of the peace to be appointed by you, as well as all other duties pertaining to their offices.

In some of the counties it will be necessary, that special terms of the County Court be held, to qualify the newly elected Clerks and Sheriffs, to provide jurors for the next courts, and to transact any other county business which they may think requires immediate action.

I further recommend, that so soon as you shall have appointed Justices of the Peace and passed such acts as you may deem necessary to remedy the irregularities to which I have referred, that the Governor be forthwith required to issue commissions to the Justices appointed, and an order to the sheriffs of each county, commanding him to notify each of said Justices of his appointment, and requesting them to assemble at their respective Court Houses at an early day to be designated by the Sheriff, in order to be qualified; on which day, they may, if they choose, hold the special term of the County Court. A copy of such act or acts, as you may designate, should be printed and sent to each of said Justices by the Sheriff at the time of notifying them of their appointment, and the Governor should be empowered to employ such agency for the expeditious transmission of said commissions and order to the sheriffs, and copies of said acts as he may deem best, with power to draw on the Public Treasurer to pay the expenses.

CHARTER ELECTION.

As elections have probably been held in many of the incorporated towns, not in conformity with their charters, and many acts may have been done since the 28th December last, or may be done by the late officers and agents of the Provisional government, before their successors shall be qualified, I recommend that such elections be declared valid, and such acts declared as lawful as they would have been, if done before the discontinuance of the Provisional government.

WRITS OF ELECTION.

Having been notified by the Sheriff of Sampson, that Thomas I. Faison, Senator of this General Assembly from said county, and a member of the State Convention from said county, departed this life since your adjournment, I have issued writs of elections to said county, appointing the 27th day of this month for the holding of an election to fill such vacancies. The 16th section of chapter 52, Rev. Code, requires the Governor to issue a writ of election to fill a vacancy occurring *before* the meeting of the General Assembly. I have had doubt as to my power to issue such writ to fill a vacancy occurring *between* the sessions of the same General Assembly, but I conceive the intent of the statute was that the Governor should exercise this power when the General Assembly, not being in session, could not order the filling of the vacancy. I construe "before" to have reference to the meeting of the Assembly at its next session.

I have also sent a writ of election to the Sheriff of Beaufort, to hold an election on the 30th instant, to fill the vacancy occasioned in the 12th Senatorial district, by the resignation of Edward J. Warren filed in my office on the 13th instant.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The many embarrassing questions of law growing out of the transition from war to peace, and from Provisional to partial Civil Government, make it necessary, that there should be a legal officer whom the Chief Executive officer of the State, should have a right to consult on doubtful questions of law pertaining to their official duties. It has long been the practice to call on the Attorney General for such opinions, but we have no law requiring him to give such opinions, or compensating him for this service. In every other State of the Union, I believe, the Attorney General is required to reside at the Capitol, and to give written opinions upon such questions of administrative duty, as may be submitted to him by the Chief Executive Departments. It seems to me that this officer ought to have a fixed salary, and to be required to attend to all suits and indictments pending in the Supreme Court, and to such important suits in which the State may be interested, pending in other Courts of the State as the Governor may require, and that he should not be required to ride a circuit as prosecuting attorney. I recommend this matter to your consideration.

It cannot be reasonably expected that he can bestow the requisite attention, and take the responsibility of writing out opinions, where it is not made his duty, nor any compensation provided for the service.

I apprehend that very great difficulty will arise in applying to many acts passed since 20th of May, 1861, the provisions of the ordinance ratified on the 18th of October last, declaring what laws and ordinances are in force. This ordinance declares that such of said laws are in force as "were compatible with the allegiance of the citizens of the State to the government of the United States, and not since repealed or modified, where the same are consistent with the Constitution of the State and of the United States." This ordinance has the important proviso to which I call your special attention: "Provided, however, that nothing herein contained, shall be so construed as to prevent the General Assembly from repealing or modifying any of said laws and ordinances hereby ratified, which shall not form a part of the Constitution of the State."

I think very many of these laws, enacted in reference to the deranged state of the currency, and adapted to a state of war, which are left in force under this ordinance, ought to be repealed. I recommend that all the laws, passed shortly before and during the war, be carefully reviewed, and such of them or such parts of them repealed, by a distinct reference to them as shall be deemed unsuited to our present condition, as well as those deemed incompatible with our allegiance and in conflict with the Constitution of the State and of the United States. Doubts, as to what is, and what is not in force, should be removed as far as possible.

MILITIA.

There are probably many acts passed during and immediately preceding the war relating to the militia, which, upon their face, may not be unconstitutional or incompatible with our allegiance, which ought now to be repealed or modified.

It is to be hoped that the period is not distant when the United States will perceive that we are satisfied that we have had enough of war, and that we are as ready as any people can be, to perform all our duties to the National Government. When this shall occur, it is to be hoped that civil government will be fully restored to us. It is important now that our militia laws be revised and consolidated, and an intelligible and judicious militia code adopted, under which the militia may be organized and put in condition to perform its appropriate part in the government, both Federal and State.

BANKING.

The large amount of money which the University and Board of Literature have in the two principal Banks, and the investments held by our citizens in all of them, (including very many widows and orphans,) and the great want of a circulating medium, seem to demand of me some suggestions on these subjects. I make them with much diffidence, having never been interested in any banking institution, and not having made the subject a matter of much consideration. The United States has adopted a system of national banking, looking to a uniform currency throughout the United States. It is our duty to conform to this policy. The fortunes of our capitalists have been swept away. How are we to raise means of establishing national banks?

By a proper amendment of the charters of our Banks and Railroad Companies, I hope it may be done, Several of our Railroads, in which the State holds large stock, are in a sound condition. Some of them owe little or nothing.

The reports of the Banks, which were procured under the orders of the Provisional Governor and have been printed and laid before you, show, in round numbers, that these banks have little above $800,000 of specie, and that they owe to the holders of their notes and to depositors about $8,500,000, and that there is due to them, for discounts before the war, about $3,000,000—and for discounts since the war, about $3,000,000.

If the banks are forced to make an assignment and go into a general liquidation in order to make an equitable pro rata distribution of their assets among all their creditors, (which must be the case if nothing be done by you,) the note holders and depositors would receive about 10 cents in the dollar in specie, and such further dividend as collections from their debtors might enable them to make. Unless money become more abundant in the State, it is manifest, that little can be expected from these collections. This specie is now locked up, yielding no benefit to any body.

I suggest that, by an amendment to their charters, these Banks and Rail road companies be allowed to subscribe for stock in a National Bank. With the specie in possession of the Banks, and resources at the command of the other corporations, with such subscriptions on the part of individuals as might be expected, bonds of the United States might be bought to an amount sufficient to form the basis of a National Bank. The dividends declared in favor of the Banks should be paid over to them, and by them should be paid out, together with the collections they may make, to their creditors.

The benefits proposed by this scheme are:

1st. The making of the specie in the Banks, now lying dormant, produce the interest which would accrue on the United States bonds in which it would be invested.

2nd. The enabling of the solvent debtors to our banks to borrow money from the new bank, and pay off their notes to the present Banks, whereby many of them would be saved from ruin, and at the same time afford a larger dividend to the present creditors of the Banks.

3d. The extension of aid, to our people by supplying a circulating medium so essential to the restoring of their shattered fortunes.

4th. The furnishing a safe depository for the funds of the State and individuals.

5th. To securing to the creditors of the Banks a much larger dividend than they will get, if the Banks be forced into immediate liquidation.

6th. A hope, that by good management in some of the Banks, some of the stock might be saved to the stockholders, including the University and the Literary Fund.

If there be not some insuperable obstacle in the way, which I do not perceive, then this plan offers a reasonable prospect to help a suffering people, to aid in the revival of prosperity, bring in taxes to the State, help the debtors to the old banks to pay their debts, increase the assets of the same, and thereby save money to their creditors, furnish a safe fiscal agent to the State and save a portion of the stock, and rescue from ruin the University and Common Schools.

In the short time since I entered upon the discharge of my duties, surrounded with the innumerable difficulties attending the newly organized government, it has been impossible for me to call for the aid from bankers and skilful financiers, which their experience would have afforded in projecting the plans best suited to our extraordinary condition; but I have felt it my duty to make such crude suggestions as I hope may be of some service in arriving at just conclusions.

STATE DEBT.

My report as late Public Treasurer submitted to the Convention in October last, shows that the bonded debt of the State, created under acts passed prior to the war, is $11,119 500

The estimated amount of unpaid coupons on these bonds was then 2,500 000

Interest which will accrue on this debt up to Oct. 1, 1866. 817,000

$14,436,500

To pay the interest on our State debt, and the other indispensible expenses of the State, she will require at least one million of dollars each year. This would require a tax nearly twice as great as we ever paid before the war, when our taxable property was worth about three times as much as it is now. The war has annihilated, probably, two-thirds of our wealth. In addition to our State taxes, the land tax we are required to pay this year to the Government of the United States, is upwards of $500,000, besides other direct taxes to the United States, the amount of which I have no means of estimating.

Before the war we had solvent banks with a capital exceeding $8,000,000, and a circulation of about the same amount. This capital is lost, and the currency probably worth less than $1,500,000.

We have now almost no banking facilities, and owing to the presence of devastating armies and the derangement of labor by the emancipation of our slaves in the midst of the planting season, we made last year almost nothing for market. Owing to these causes, it is manifest that a tax this year to meet the accruing interest on our State debt, would be ruinous to our people, and consequently injurious to our creditors.

In view of the large amount we must contribute to the national government, the derangement of labor, and the want of Banks affording facilities to men of enterprise to employ and pay liberal wages to laborers, even if Providence favor us with good seasons, we can scarcely hope to be able for sometime to come, to meet our obligations punctually. An honest debtor who cannot punctually cash accounts against him, is always willing to give his note. As we cannot pay our bonds and the coupons now due and falling due this year, we ought to sell our bonds at par, if we can, to raise the means of payment; or allow our creditors to accept them at par, or make such other arrangements with them as shall seem most beneficial to them, and least detrimental to us.

Our only resource, other than taxation, to meet our debt, is stock in our Rail Roads to the amount of $6,516,500, and bonds on certain other Rail Roads (secured by mortgage) with which the State has exchanged her bonds to the amount of about 3,000,000. It is supposed that many of the holders of our State bonds would exchange them for a like amount of these stocks. Far the larger portion of our State debt is due to non-residents of the State. If such exchange were made to the extent of giving the control of our Roads to non-residents, it might result in oppressive rates of freight or other regulations detrimental to the State. Properly guarded, I favor such exchange.

Another plan suggested, supposed to be acceptable to the holders of our bonds, looking to the furnishing of a currency as well as the making of our State debt manageable, is the issue of small bonds, payable to bearer and bearing a low rate of interest, say one per cent. and receivable in payment of all dues to or from the State. As the credit of these bonds would rest on the faith of the State, as that of the present national currency depends on the faith of the nation; and as there would be much demand for them to pay taxes, and in view of the uncertainty when the State may be able to resume the payment of interest on her present bonds, the advocates of this scheme believe that the holders of the large bonds would deem it their interest, and would exchange for these smaller bonds, especially, if allowed to take a part of the amount in Rail Road stocks.

It is objected to this scheme, that it would violate the provision in the Constitution of the United States, which forbids a State to emit bills of credit. The advocates of this plan insist that it has always been conceded that States might constitutionally issue bonds payable to bearer, and transferable by delivery, with no restriction as to the amount of the bond or the rate of interest. I give the outlines of this plan, as I understand it, to call attention to it.

The pressure of other duties has not allowed me time to give to this and other plans which have been presented, in relation to the payment of the State debt and a supply of currency, sufficient consideration to conduct me to a satisfactory conclusion, and I, therefore, abstain from submitting any distinct recommendation as to either.

In presenting the foregoing views of our affairs, I must not be understood as despondent. To overcome our difficulties, it is necessary to face them, and not to shut our eyes on them. We still have large resources. We must rely chiefly on our virtue, persevering industry and frugality, which are the true sources of national prosperity. We must attract capital by calling attention to our fertile lands, rich mines of coal, iron, gold, silver and copper, and water power for manufacturing. We must protect and encourage the laborer. Honest industry must be held in esteem, and indolence regarded as disreputable, and the vagrant punished. By these means our Rail Road stocks will be made productive, and taxation thus reduced. I need not warn this generation to avoid war.

EDUCATION.

Our University and Public Schools, which the Constitution wisely enjoins it on us to sustain, have felt the blighting effects of war. I herewith submit the report of the able, indefatigable Superintendent of Public Schools.

He has discussed the subject so fully, that I need only to commend it to your careful consideration. During the past five years education has been sadly neglected. Whatever may be our pecuniary distresses, our youth must be educated. We *must* sustain our institutions of learning. I deem the Swamp Lands the most valuable resource now left to the Board of Literature. They are empowered to sell any part of these lands which may be reclaimed. Large amounts have been expended in their drainage.

By the report of Gov. Morehead, as President of the Board of Literature, dated 4th December, 1844, there had been expended prior to that date as follows:

For Alligator Canal,	$63,799,59
" Pungo "	35,316,55
" Tributaries to Pungo Canal,	23,576
" " Alligator Canal,	29,688,77
Total	152,380,91

Little if any of these lands have been sold. The reports of surveys made by the Literary Board, more than twenty years ago, show that there is a million of acres of these lands capable of being reclaimed at small expense. From the report of Prof. Emmons and others, many of them are equal in fertility to any lands in the world. It is unaccountable why they have been so long neglected. I recommend an inquiry whether any other legislation be necessary to enable the Literary Board to make them available. From the hasty examination I have been able to give to the subject, I think the Board cannot sell them before being reclaimed; I recommend that they be empowered to sell them before reclaiming.

RESTORATION OF THE COURTS.

It is believed that all the Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts, elected at your late session, have qualified, and when you shall have appointed Justices of the Peace, and the County Courts are restored, the machinery of civil government will be about complete. It is high time. Crime,—particularly larceny, is too common, and the long want of any power to enforce the performance of any species of contract, has had a most pernicious effect on the public morals and the welfare of the State.

As our laws make the testimony of a negro competent in all pleas of the State where the defendant may be a negro, I am informed by the Military Commandant of the State, if the punishment prescribed by law for the offence with which the defendant is charged, be the same whether the defendant be a white man or a black, there will be no interference with our criminal Courts. I hope, after you shall have reformed our laws relating to freedmen, the jurisdiction of our Courts will be fully restored; but the Courts will be comparatively inefficient while the act passed in 1861 shall remain in force, entitled, "An Act to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and the rules of pleading thereon." I recommend that this act be repealed; and that you pass a Stay Law for the benefit of debtors, if you can devise a Constitutional mode of effecting the object.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

By act of Congress ratified July 2, 1862, an amount of public land was devoted to each State equal to thirty thousand acres for each Senator and Representative in Congress, the proceeds of the sale of which are to be invested for the endowment, support and maintenance of at least one college, where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military-tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such manner as the Legislatures of the States may prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions in life.

The conditions of the grant are not such in my judgment as should prevent its acceptance by the General Assembly; as the objects to be accomplished are of the highest importance, I respectfully recommend that acceptance of the same be signified at an early moment.

By an amendment to the act, approved on the 14th of April 1864, the time limited for the acceptance of the donation will expire on the 14th of April 1866.

FREEDMAN'S BUREAU.

The condition of society produced by the sudden emancipation of the black race, in numbers over one third of the entire population of the State, and the exemption of this class from the operation of our laws, civil and criminal, except as administered by a military tribunal, instituted by the Government of the United States; and also claiming and exercising jurisdiction over all white citizens in matters criminal and civil, wherever blacks may be concerned, is at once anomalous and inconsistent with the ancient constitutional authority of the several States. This tribunal, known as the Bureau of Freedmen, was established during the late unhappy war for "the supervision and management of all abandoned lands, and the control of all subjects relating to refugees and freedmen from rebel States or from any district of country within the operations of the army, under such rules, and regulations as might be prescribed by the head of the Bureau, and approved by the President," and was "directed to continue during the war of the rebellion, and for one year thereafter."

Its authority is derived from that clause of the Constitution which authorises Congress, "to adopt measures to suppress insurrection," and ceases when that end shall have been attained. It was obviously designed to be temporary in duration, and its continuance after the designated period could only be justified on the plea of affording necessary protection to freedmen in their novel situation, until proper provision shall be made for this object by the State Government.

The extinguishment of slavery by an ordinance of the Convention of this State, the double security of the ratification by the Legislature of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to the same effect, and the general acquiescence of the people, should remove all apprehension of any endeavor to re-establish it, or to treat with oppression or injustice the liberated African. The imputation of such purpose to the State, would be alike unjust to her plighted faith and uniform character. Such rights as were accorded to the free colored people of North Carolina, (and they were neither meagre nor unimportant) were ever most scrupulously observed and maintained. For lges, it has been a capital and most ignominious offence to kidnap, or deport, or to endeavor to enslave a person of African descent who was free. Whenever one, held as a slave, laid claim to freedom, he could find counsel to investigate his cause, and, if well founded, to maintain it; and judges, who subjected the opposing party to such rules as secured a fair and impartial trial. In all criminal accusations tried by jury, he was allowed the rights of challenge and other safeguards of the common law. Property was acquired and held by them with all the privileges of transfer, devise, and descent; and the courts of justice were open to their complaints with all the modes of relief to property or persons that were allowable to white men. All these became the rights of the freedman by the mere fact of emancipation.

To secure him still further in his privileges as well as to protect society in the sudden and violent change effected by this measure, a commission was organized under an ordinance of the Convention, to review our code touching this race, and consider and propose such amendatory provisions as may be demanded by the occasion. Whether all the regulations desired to effect the object in view are to be attained without an amendment of the constitution, and whether the labors of the commission may not be partially delayed until the coming session of that body, I am not advised. To the enlightened labors of this commission, when their report shall be received, I need not solicit your attention.

While social equality with the whites (which prevails no where in the United States, notwithstanding pretences to the contrary in some quarters, and among some persons,) is not to be expected, nor is the elective franchise; I am fully warranted in saying there is no disposition to deny them any of the essential rights of civil or religious freedom in this State. On the contrary, every day's observation makes it manifest that restraining measures are necessary and indispensable to prevent pauperism, vagrancy, idleness and their consequent crimes in the new phase which our social system presents, and it is important to the safety, peace and welfare of society, that the conflicts of systems of law and administration, the one for the white, and the other for the colored man, (the latter, however, drawing into its jurisdiction every transaction in which a black may be involved,) shall cease among us, and that the great interests of rights; wrongs and remedies, may be committed to judges and juries of the vicinage, according to ancient English and American usage. It is hoped, therefore, that the President and Congress of the United States, may order as early as possible the withdrawal from our limits of the Bureau of Freedmen; at least, that these authorities of the government will not provide for its extension beyond its present limit of one year from the close of the war in this State.

Independently of the question of power to maintain such an institution in time of peace, it is difficult to conceive how justice can be executed, and a decent respect for the judiciary be maintained with such a conflict of authority as must of necessity exist, with a military tribunal of concurrent jurisdiction, not composed of men learned in the law, or responsible to the people of the State for their administration of it. The right to appoint Judges to administer the municipal laws, is as well established an attribute of the States of the American Union as the power to determine whether murder, arson, robbery or burglary shall be crimes, and the oath of a Judge handed down to us from ancient times that, "I (he) will do equal law and right to all persons, rich and poor, without having regard to any person"—and that "I will not delay any person of common right by reason of any letter or command from any persons in authority to me directed, or for any other cause whatsoever; and in case any letter or orders come to me contrary to law, I will proceed to enforce the law, such letter or orders notwithstanding," requires him, as he shall answer to the State he serves, to deal out the justice established by law to any person, or commands from any other authority. But by the regulations now or lately in operation, if there be two persons charged with crime, robbery, for example, the one from the person of a white man, the other from a black, the judge of the Superior Court for the County where the offences were committed, may and must try the first, according to the course of the common law; but the other he must, notwithstanding his oath of office, deliver over on a military order to the Freedmen's Bureau, to be tried by a military commission, although he should claim his deliverance at the hands of a jury of the country. I am fully persuaded that in such a contest the Supreme Court of the United States would sustain the judges of the State in the jurisdiction they would be obliged to assert. But I deprecate controversy even in the forum between the authorities of the Government, and hopefully trust that the President and Congress will remove the grounds of dispute by remitting the State judiciary to its appropriate functions. I make these observations with very great deference to the distinguished and benevolent officer at the head of the Bureau of Freedmen, and with the best wishes for the happiness and advancement of this porton of our population; but confusion idleness, vice, crime and jealousy and irritation between the two races are consequences of the existing order of things, and the safety and welfare of society require reformation. I was one of those who believed that the late disastrous war ought never to have occurred. I believe it never would have occurred, if the masses of the people in the two sections could have met in council and freely interchanged opinions and information. I am satisfied now that the jealousy, hatred and distrust engendered by the struggle prevail among politicians with far more intensity than among the citizens, including the late soldiers in either section. It concerns the republic that there shall be an end of strife. Confidence must begin somewhere. The war actually ceased with the surrender of the Southern armies nine months ago.

This event was immediately followed by the liberation of all slaves, a measure which *eo instanti*, that it was accomplished, annihilated two thousand millions in value of property, and impoverished thousands upon thousands of families bred in affluence, and accustomed to luxury—yet not this extraordinary spoliation, nor the indiscriminate devastations of homes and plantations of unexampled extent, entailing ruin upon millions of inhabitants, has produced the slightest show of opposition to the authority of the Government. The President, in a late message in which he concurs in the assertion of the General in charge of the army, after extensive personal observation from the eminent position he occupies, announces that all resistance on the part of the States and individuals lately in rebellion had ceased, that the laws of the United States are enforced and obeyed everywhere in the South, and it would seem, we had reached that point of progress when distrust should yield to confidence; aversion to a spirit of harmony, if not cordiality.

Among the laws in operation, are those for the collection of the revenue of the United States and the collectors are making collections in various districts of the State, although it seems to have been recognized as an axiom in American politics, that representation and taxation were inseparable, yet I regret to state that no Senator or Representative has been admitted into the halls of Congress from this State. The passions aroused in revolutions do not at once subside, but the sober sense of the American people will not brook the violation of great principles of government. I pray God that a returning sense of patriotism and justice, will ere long correct the prejudice of the time, and carry out the wise system so successfully begun and perfected by the President, (so far as depended on Executive authority) for the restoration of the States to a constitutional and harmonious Union, and that He will inspire all of us with the wisdom and disposition to do right.

JONATHAN WORTH.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Jan. 18th, 1866.

THE HOMESTEAD OF HENRY CLAY.—The Ashland estate, consisting of three hundred and twenty-five acres, was on Friday last, sold by Mrs. J. B. Clay to John B. Bowman, Regent of the Kentucky University, for the sum of $90,000. It is designed by the purchaser to transform it into the Agricultural College of Kentucky. Possession will be given immediately.

The Case of R. P. Waring.

We copy the following from the *Progress*, as a matter of news, and as a part of the history of the times. We presume Mr. Waring will be able to pay the fine and secure his discharge.

HDQ'RS. DEP'T. OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 17, 1866.

GENERAL COURT MARTIAL,
Orders No. 1.

I * * Before a Military Commission which convened at Raleigh, N. C., January 2d, 1866, pursuant to Special Orders, No. 252, dated Headquarters Department of North Carolina, Raleigh, N. C., November 28th, 1865, and of which Lieutenant Colonel George T. Shaffer, 28th Michigan Infantry, is President, was arraigned and tried:

Robert P. Waring, Citizen:

Charge—"*For publishing and circulating disloyal and seditious writings within a District under Martial Law.*"

Specification—In this, that Robert P. Waring, citizen, of Mecklenburg county, State of North Carolina, and Editor of a newspaper, named and known as the "Daily Carolina *Times*" published at Charlotte, in the county and State aforesaid, did publish in said newspaper, and circulate, an article in words as follows:

* * * * "We are still without Washington news, and look forward to the report of the committee on Credentials with some interest, though without hope of receiving justice. The South is now under a more grinding despotism than has heretofore found a place upon the face of the earth. Raised under a form of government, as expounded by the early fathers of the republic, when to say, "I am an American citizen," was equal to a king, we feel our serfdom more painfully by reflecting upon what we have lost. We have fallen from our high estate, and now there is none so poor as to do us reverence. Other nations, while suffering under the iron heel of lawless tyranny, can console themselves with the reflection that their condition is no worse than their predecessors. The Russian serf, as he eats his bread of dependence, knows that such was the inheritance of his father. Not so with the proud, high-souled southron. He once roamed his fields a free man, and "sat under his own vine and fig tree, and none dared make him afraid." He was the equal, if not the superior, of the mercenary race which now denominates over him." * * * *

And that the said article was calculated, and intended, to produce hostility to the Government of the United States, to excite discontent, and to cause resistance to the constituted authorities. All this at Charlotte, N. C., on or about the 13th day of December, 1865.

To which charge and specification the accused, Robert P. Waring, citizen, pleaded as follows:

To the specification to the charge, "Guilty," except so much as alleges "that the said article was calculated, and intended, to produce hostility to the government of the United States, to excite discontent and to cause resistance to the constituted authorities."

To the charge, "Not Guilty."

Finding—The court, having maturely considered the evidence adduced, finds the accused, Robert P. Waring, citizen, as follows:

Of the specification to the charge, "Guilty."

Of the charge, "Guilty."

Sentence—And the Court does therefore sentence the accused, Robert P. Waring, as follows: "That he pay to the Government of the United States a fine of three hundred dollars, (300). And in case such fine is not paid within five days from date of order promulgating proceedings in this case, then, that he be imprisoned for six months at such place as the Commanding General may direct."

II. The proceedings, findings and sentence in the foregoing are approved and confirmed. The fine will be paid to the Chief Quartermaster of the Department, and if not paid within the time specified in the sentence, the prisoner will be sent under guard, and delivered to the commanding officer at Fort Macon, North Carolina, under whose direction so much of the sentence as relates to confinement will be executed.

By command of Brevet Maj. Gen. Ruger:

J. A. CAMPBELL,
Assistant Adjt. General.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT COST,
Ready-Made Clothing.

WE will close out our large and well assorted lot of Winter Ready-made Clothing at cost.

D. C. MURRAY, Agent.

Jan. 20, 137, 2t.

BROWN SUGAR AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold at Towles' Auction, to day, a small lot of prime Brown Sugar and other goods.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 20-137-1t.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!

AS AGENTS FOR A LARGE TOBACCO FIRM, we will pay from $1 50 to $2 00 per pound in currency for gold leaf manufactured tobacco; $1 25 to $1 50 for medium and $1 to $1 25 for funked grades. Address, after the 15th inst.,

JOHN T. DOOLING & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.

Jan 20, 137, 2t.

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO!

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends, that they still continue to manufacture the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco, and are prepared to sell by retail or wholesale. Orders solicited.

R. F MORRIS & SON.

Durham's, N. C., Jan 20, 137, 1m.

FINLEY HIGH SCHOOL.

LENOIR, N. C.

THE exercises of this institution were resumed on Monday, the 16th inst. Good board may be obtained in the village and vicinity at reasonable rates. For further particulars address

E. W. FAUCETTE, Principal.

Jan 20, 137, 1m, 3t, pd.

FOR SALE.

20,000 Bushels Corn.
5,000 " Wheat.
400 Boxes Manufactured Tobacco.
10,000 pounds Durham Smoking Tobacco.
A large lot Cooking Stoves, most improved patterns.
A valuable farm for sale in Hyde county.
One cotton plantation in Edgecombe county.

By WALKER, FARRAR & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, Commission & Forwarding Merchants, Craven Street, Newbern, N. C.

Jan 20, 137, 1m.

Desirable Location for a Physician.

HAVING DETERMINED TO ENGAGE IN OTHER business, which will require all my time and attention, I offer an excellent location in the village of Clemmonsville, Davidson Co., N. C. with a large practice, to any respectable physician who is not now permanently located. The location can be secured by the purchase of an elegantly arranged brick office with two rooms, and the lot upon which it is located, which I will sell for $600 cash. I have, also, a stock of medicines on hand which I will dispose of. A good dwelling-house can be purchased convenient to the office if desired. The village has a flourishing school, affords a pleasant residence, and is situated in a fine agricultural region, two miles from the Yadkin river, 11 miles west of Salem, and 18 north of Lexington. For further particulars, address

J. E. DOUTHIT, M. D.,
Care of H. A. Lemly, Esq., Salem, N. C.

Jan 19, -136, 3tpd.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL,
SEATON GALES, } Editors.

Saturday, January 20, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 0
" six months,	5 00
" one month,	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union.—*Andrew Johnson's Letter to Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi.*

Personal.

The official duties of the Associate Editor, as Clerk of the House of Commons, will preclude his active connection with the *Sentinel* during the session of the Legislature. At its expiration, he will resume the association which, thus far, has been so pleasantly conducted.

Weekly Sentinel.

We shall issue the Weekly *Sentinel* next week. The delay in issuing it has been occasioned by various causes.

Gov. Worth's Message.

To the exclusion of much other matter, we lay before our readers, to-day, the excellent and important message of Gov. Worth. It is characterized with the strong sense and the honest, straight-forward business habits of its author. It embraces a general view of all matters of immediate interest to the State, both in her national and internal relations, and presents such suggestions in regard to the future weal of our people, as the very brief time allowed him, since he assumed the duties of his office, would furnish. It is really surprising, that, amid the severe pressure upon him, he could command time to give to one half of the subjects presented a moment's reflection.

It is purely a business paper—no flourishes of the pen—no attempts at rhetoric, which illy become a State paper, yet sufficiently clear and perspicuous, embodying what is useful and necessary. Moreover, its honest and direct grappling with the difficulties which surround us, and the high patriotic tone which it breathes, will make it acceptable to all.

Negro Suffrage.

The passage of the bill by the lower House of Congress, on yesterday, by a large vote, conferring the elective franchise upon the freedmen of the District of Columbia, without regard to qualification, will doubtless create the profoundest sensation throughout the country. No previous act of legislation by Congress or by any other legislative body in the country, that we remember, bears any resemblance to this—that strikes us as being so purely un-American, and so little in accordance with the true spirit of the Constitution.

Congress is the guardian of the rights and liberties of the people of the District of Columbia. The people of that District are the constituents of each member of that body. As they, however, have no privilege of revising their acts and correcting their errors by the ballot box, the honor of each member is the more sacredly pledged to their protection.

No instance in American history do we remember, in which the will of the constituency, after it had been duly and deliberately expressed at the ballot-box, has been so readily disregarded and violated as in this instance. Not a month has elapsed since the authorized voters of the District, by a vote of ten to one, emphatically declared their opposition to the measure. If simply with the view of testing the matter, the native or permanent resident colored population had been allowed to vote on the question, a large majority of the aggregate white and colored vote would have been cast against it. Indeed, if the bill had only embraced the real colored voters of the District, who had before 1860 become residents of the city, it is probable the white citizens of the District would have had less cause for complaint. But when it is remembered that the bill embraces the thousands of refugee negroes from Maryland and Virginia, who have been domiciled there since the war began, if it does not produce general discontent among that people, driving them to seek a home in other sections where the colored element is less numerous; indeed, if it does not entirely depopulate the District of white people we shall be surprised. The municipal affairs of the District would be placed by this bill under the entire control and management of the blacks—making the Federal city a Hayti, in the midst of the American Republic.

But we are specially interested in the teachings of the vote, by which negro suffrage is thus authorized in the District of Columbia. Whatever yet remains among the radicals, of respect for the Constitution, so far as the *loyal* States are concerned, which might prohibit the direct interference of Congress in the internal affairs of those States, and prevent the enforcement of negro suffage upon them, it is very plain that the party has no qualms of conscience in regard to the constitutional rights of the States, recently engaged in the revolution. If the peculiar relations of the Congress to the people of the District of Columbia, involving the highest claims of personal honor and guardianship, have had no weight with the majority in that body, what hope has the people of the Southern States, that the ordinary claims of humanity and propriety, and their future peace and prosperity, will for a moment be considered? What avail are constitutional barriers, moral or social ties and responsibilities, when the mere will of a phrenzied democracy demands a sacrifice?

The Legislature.

Both Houses were in force and up to time on yesterday, and at once proceeded to business.

The reading of the Governor's message and documents occupied a good portion of the session.

The resignation of L. Q. Sharpe, Esq., commoner from Iredell, elected Solicitor of the 7th Circuit, was received and a writ of election was issued to hold an election to fill the vacancy on the 1st of February. We regret the loss of so useful and efficient a representative as Mr. Sharpe. We regret to learn that Mr. S. has been seriously indisposed.

A bill was introduced in the House, directing that the State furnish all her citizens disabled by the loss of a limb, during the late war, with artificial limbs free of cost to them. We regard this as a timely and eminently proper movement. The State owes them, at least, this small token of her appreciation of their gallantry, and it is prompted by humane and honorable motives.

Another very important bill was introduced in the House. We allude to the bill prohibiting the distillation of grain. This evil should be arrested at once, or the cry of bread! bread! will be heard in many portions of the State.

Mail Arrangements.

By the politeness of the Post Master at Chapel Hill, John White, Esq., we learn that the mail is now being carried from Morrisville to Lexington, via Pittsboro, Ashboro, &c. Also, from Chapel Hill to White Cross, via Rialto, Riggsbee's Store, Belle Voir and Snipes' Store. John H. Wilson, Esq., is the contractor on both routes.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 19TH.

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

A message was received from the House announcing its organization.

On motion of Mr. Ferebee, a message was sent to the House proposing to raise a joint committee of the two Houses to wait on his Excellency, Gov. Worth, and inform him of the organization of the two Houses and their readiness to receive any communication he may think proper to present. Mr. Ferebee was designated as the Senate branch of the Committee.

Mr. Boner introduced a bill to incorporate the trustees of Salem Female Academy. Referred to Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Bynum introduced a bill to continue in office the Provisional officers of the town of Lincolnton until their successors are elected and sworn into office, and Mr. Shober moved to amend by making the bill applicable to Salisbury, Mr. Hall to apply to Wilmington, Mr. Coward to Kinston, and Mr. Harris to Rutherfordton.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the bill was laid on the table.

A message from the House of Commons, concurring in the proposition to appoint a joint committee to wait on his Excellency the Governor was received.

The Committee subsequently reported they had attended to their duties, and that his Excellency would transmit his message immediately.

Mr. Berry introduced the following:

A bill making provision for the payment of the interest on State bonds, now due. Ordered to be printed and referred to Committee on Finance.

Also a bill authorizing coupons of State bonds be taken in payment for taxes. Same order and reference.

Mr. Jones of Columbus, presented a resolution concerning the Banks of the State. Ordered to be printed and referred to committee on the Judiciary.

The bill to prevent horse stealing came up on its third reading.

Mr. Morehead opposed the passage of the bill on the ground that the amendments to said bill had destroyed its force. The bill, however, passed its third reading and was ordered to be engrossed.

The message from the House proposing to designate the hour of 12 to-morrow, to go into the election of Magistrates, was concurred in.

Mr. Ferebee introduced a bill to limit the number of Justices of the Peace. Laid on the table temporarily on his motion.

A message from the House was received, transmitting a message from His Excellency the Governor with accompanying documents.—Message was read, and the proposition to print fifty copies for each member of the General Assembly, concurred in.

Also received a message transmitting the report of the Public Treasurer, with proposition to print five copies for each member, was concurred in.

Mr. Ferebee moved to suspend the rules in order to take up the bill in regard to limiting the number of Justices of the Peace. Not agreed to.

Mr. Hall introduced a resolution instructing the Judiciary committee to inquire into the legality of that part of the tax law passed by the Convention which refers to the collection of taxes before the passage of said ordinance.

Mr. Howard moved an amendment for the purpose of extending the time for the collection of said taxes. Adopted.

Mr. Leach of Davidson, was granted leave of absence in consequence of illness in his family.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Morehead.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, January 19th, 1866.

The House was called to order at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The roll was called, and a quorum was found to be present.

On motion of Mr. Waugh, a message was sent to the Senate announcing the due organization of the House for the transaction of public business.

The Speaker presented the resignation of L. Q. Sharpe, one of the Commoners from the county of Iredell.

The resignation was received and a writ of election was ordered to be issued to supply the vacancy.

A message was received announcing the organization of the Senate. Also a message proposing to raise a joint select committee to consist of one on the part of the Senate, and two on the part of the House, to wait on His Excellency the Governor, and receive any communication he may wish to make to the General Assembly. The House concurred, and the Speaker appointed Messrs. McKay and Jenkins of Warren, as the House branch of said committee.

Mr. Dargan introduced a resolution instructing an inquiry by the Judiciary Committee as to the expediency of reporting a Stay Law for the relief of the people.

The resolution was laid on the table on motion of Mr. Waugh. (A select committee appointed at the last session, has this subject under consideration.)

Mr. Manly introduced a resolution in behalf of disabled soldiers, which passed, its several readings, under a suspension of the rules. [Authorizes the Governor to contract for artificial limbs for disabled North Carolina soldiers, and to draw upon the Treasury for the necessary amount for that purpose.]

On motion of Mr. Waugh, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to set apart the hour of noon to-morrow for the appointment of Justices of the Peace.

The Governor's message was received at noon and was read by the Clerk.

Mr. Holderby moved that a message be sent to the Senate proposing to print twenty copies of the message and accompanying documents for each member of the Assembly.

Mr. Jenkins, of Warren, moved to amend this proposition by substituting fifty copies for twenty.

Mr. Holderby accepted the amendment, being aware that the chief expense of publication consisted in the composition, and that fifty copies would cost but little more than twenty.

The motion, as amended, was adopted.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Mr. Hutchison introduced a bill to prohibit, for a limited time, the distillation of spirituous liquors from grain. Passed first reading, and made the special order for 12 o'clock M., on Monday next.

Mr. Dargan, a bill to legalize the proceedings of Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. McAden, a bill for the more complete reorganization of the State Government, and for other purposes. Ordered to be printed and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Beasly, a bill to legalize the official acts of Justices of the Peace of Johnston county.

Mr. Faircloth of Wayne, a bill to authorize an election of Mayor, and Commissioners, for the town of Goldsboro. Passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Allison, a bill to authorize the holding of a court of pleas and quarter sessions for the county of Cabarrus. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Marler, a bill to legalize an election of Mayor and Commissioners of the town of Morganton. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Dargan, a bill to give certain fees of office to Justices of the Peace. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Beasly, a bill to admit the evidence of persons of color in courts of justice in certain cases.

Mr. Waugh, asked whether it would be in order to move a reference of this bill to the "Freedmen's Bureau. (Laughter.)

The Speaker ruled the motion out of order, and the bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Everitt, a bill to legalize an election of Mayor and Commissioners in the town of Goldsboro.

The House then adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow.

The Judges of the Superior Court will ride the Spring Circuit as follows:

1st Circuit,	Judge Barnes.
2nd "	" Warren.
3rd "	" Fowle.
4th "	" Gilliam.
5th "	" Buxton.
6th "	" Mitchell.
7th "	" Shipp.
8th "	" Merrimon.

A Filibustering Raid into Mexico—An Imperial Garrison Captured and a Town Sacked—War Vessels Come into Action—Imperial Troops Advancing on the Filibusters, &c., &c.

NEW ORLEANS, January 17.—The *Ranchero*, of the 5th instant, contains the following:—"Several officers and men recently crossed from Clarksville, Texas, and took up quarters apparently for the night, but shortly after midnight the guard at the ferry along the river was surprised and disarmed by this party, and such lighters as were there were immediately seized, and with them they crossed the military ferry at Clarksville. They were a hundred strong and mostly negroes who crossed. A garrison at Bagdad of about one hundred and seventy five men was completely surprised and captured.—The Captain of the port and commander of the post were taken prisoners while in bed. It was reported that the former was killed and the latter escaped. Upon taking the town pillage and plunder was immediately inaugurated.—Warehouses were gutted and the contents crossed the American side. The gunboat Antino was summoned to surrender, and she answered with a broadside, which scattered the filibusters. A second demand was made and answered in a similar manner. The Antino was *en route* up the river. An Austrian sergeant on board was killed. At daylight the French men-of-war in the harbor opened fire, compelling the filibusters to take refuge in the upper part of the town. At last accounts the filibusters still held the town. It is stated that the filibusters are commanded by General Reed. General Crawford has started from Brownsville for the scene of action. Last accounts say that 1,300 Imperial troops had left Matamoras to attack the filibusters."

SAD ACCIDENT IN PORTSMOUTH.—We learn from the Norfolk *Virginian*, of yesterday, that Rev. W. C. Blount, pastor of the Dinwiddie Street Methodist church, in Portsmouth, was severely if not mortally wounded, while sitting in his office on Tuesday morning. Several negroes were firing pistols or guns in the rear of his lot—a ball from one of which penetrated the room in which Mr. Blount was sitting, and entered his breast. Chas. Nellums, a boy about 12 years of age, was arrested as the offender.

We learn that Miss Pickett, the daughter of the late Thos. S. Pickett, the lady who was seriously wounded at the time her father was murdered, is yet in a very critical condition, so much so that very little hopes are entertained of her recovery. Her friends are desirous of moving her to this place, so as to obtain the constant care and attention of her physicians, but she is in no state to undergo a removal.—*Wil. Journal.*

NOTICE.

I WILL SELL TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, ON Thursday, the 1st day of February, my house and lot, situated in the town of Henderson, N. C., containing four acres of land. Also, at the same time and place, two unimproved lots, one containing two acres, the other three acres, with a valuable water power.

Also, a portion of my household and kitchen furniture. Terms made known on day of sale.

C. B. CHAMPION.
Henderson, N. C.

Jan 19, 136, 10t.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE ENsuing General Assembly, for an Act to incorporate the "*Carolina Joint Stock Insurance and Trust Company.*" Jan 17, 130, 1m pd

GEO W. DILL,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

AND AGENT FOR MURRAY'S N. C. STEAM Ship Line, Morehead City, N. C.

Jan. 1-130-3m.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

Mexican Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Jan 19.

The *Herald's* Mexican dispatch reports the arrival of the French Admiral Didelot, to confer with Baserne in relation to France, Mexico and the United States. It is rumored that a large squadron will follow, the object of which is variously stated.

Tolacco, the ancient capital, has been taken by the Liberals.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, January 19.

SENATE—The credentials of Mr. Marvin, Senator elect from Florida, were presented and ordered to lie on the table.

The bill enlarging the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau was discussed. An amendment was adopted, making valid for three years, instead of forever, as in the original bill, the title to lands given to negroes, by orders issued, at Savannah, by Sherman, last winter.

HOUSE.—Mr. Deering, of Connecticut, made a speech, maintaining that the government has a right to hold on trial the Southern States as conquered rebels; that their present loyalty was of little consequence, being of necessity. He mentioned a series of guarantees that ought to be exacted before they should be allowed representation,—including perfect equality of the blacks before the law with the whites.

Mr. Smith, of Ky., endorsed the President's policy. He denied that the Southern States were ever out of the Union, and claimed that they were now obedient to the laws and entitled to representation.

The House adjourned until Monday.

Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.

Cotton quiet. Gold 138.

HIGH TAX.—The new commissoners of the town of Charlotte, N. C., have fixed the tax on retailers of liquor at $500, and on those who sell in any manner $250.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

Corrected daily by JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO Brokers and Dealers in Exchange.

BUYING RATES.

N. C. Bank Notes—Charlotte 25, Miners & Planters 25, and Lexington 25. Bank of N. C., Cape Fear, 30. Farmer's, 25 Merchants 30. Roxboro 25. Wadesboro 15. Thomasville 15; Wilmington 15; Commerce 10; Washington, Fayetteville, Clarendon, Yanceyville, 10; Greensboro' Mutual, 10.

Virginia Bank Notes, average,		25
South Carolina	do do	20
Georgia	do do	20

COIN—Gold $1 33; Silver 1 30.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 45; North Carolina Railroad coupons, 95.

BONDS.—North Carolina, 6s, Nine coupons attached, 78,

Exchange on New York selling at ½ premium.

Raleigh Money Market.

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

Buying Rates.

N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear,	30	Bank of Wadesboro	15
" Charlotte,	2	" Wilmington,	15
" Commerce,	18	" Washington,	10
" Clarendon,	1	" Yanceyville	10
" Fayetteville,	10	Commercial, Wilmin't'n	12
" Lexington.	25	Farmers. Greensboro,	28
" N. Carolina,	3	Greensboro Mutual,	10
" Roxboro,	30	Merchants, Newberne,	30
" Thomasville,	20	Miners & Planters,	25

Virginia Bank notes, average,		20
South Carolina	"	18
Georgia	"	12½

COIN—Gold, 1,33; silver 1,30.

COUPONS—Old forth Carolina, 50; North Carolina Rail Road Coupons, 95.

BONDS—North Carolina 6s, nine coupons on, 78.

Exchange on New York selling at ½ premium.

RALEIGH MARKET

Revised and corrected by JORDAN WOMBLE, Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

	Jan. 20, 1866.		
FLOUR—family,	12 00	to	00 00
Extra Superfine,	11 00	to	11 50
Superfine,	10 50	to	11 00
CORN—per bushel,	1 50	to	1 75
BACON—per pound, dull,	22	to	25
LARD—per pound,	25	to	30
BUTTER—per pound,	40		
CHICKENS—(Spring,)	40	to	50
EGGS—per dozen,	35	to	40
CHEESE—retail, per pound,			35
APPLES—green, per bushel,	00	to	2 50
PEACHES—dried, per bushel,	2 50	to	3
POTATOES—Irish, per bushel,	75	to	1
POTATOES—Sweet,	1 00	to	1 50
ONIONS—per bushel,	1 50	to	2
BEEF—on hoof, per pound,	8	to	20
retail,	12½	to	20
FRESH PORK—per pound, (retail)	15	to	20
MEAL—per bushel, (street price),	1 50	to	1 75
COFFEE—per pound, (retail	45	to	00
SUGAR—Crushed, per pound	35	to	00
White Coffee,	30	to	
Light Brown,			25
Common Brown,			20
PEAS—red & white, per bushel,	1 00	to	1 20
FODDER—per cwt.	1 25	to	2 00
OATS—in sheaf,	75	to	1
HAY—newcrop, per cwt.,	00	to	1 50
TOBACCO—per pound, (manufactured),	20	to	50
COTTON—in bale, per cwt.,	32	to	35
COTTON YARN—per bunch,	3 50	to	4 00
BEESWAX—per pound,	25	to	
RAGS—clean cotton, per pound			03
LAMB—per head.		to	2 3
retail, per pound,	12½	to	50
SALT—per sack [4 bushel]	6 50	to	7 50
FLAXSEED—per bushel,	1	to	1 50
NAILS—per pound, by the keg,	10	to	11
PORK—for Bacon.	15	to	12½
TURNIPS—per bushel	80	to	1 00
VINEGAR—Retail, per gallon,	00	to	1 00
BAR SOAP—Retail, per pound,			20
TEA—Green and Black, per p'd	2 50	to	3 00
SODA—Retail, per pound,	20	to	25
BLACK PEPPER—per pound,			50

LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE premises, Tuesday, 30th inst., my tract of land lying in Halifax Co., near the town of Ringwood, containing 550 or more acres, adjoining the lands of Benj. Johnson, James Williams and others. There is a good comfortable dwelling with four rooms and three fire places, and all necessary outbuildings, three or four horse crop tendable land, well adapted to the culture of corn, wheat, cotton and tobacco. I will give from one to three years time. Possession given immediately. Also on 31st inst., I will sell at public auction, on the premises, one-third of interest in that large and commodious store house and lot in the town of Enfield, west of W. & W. Rail Road, formerly occupied by Bell, Maner & Co., and now by Bell & Parker.

Terms accommodating and made known on the day of sale. THOS. L. MANER.

Jan. 19-136, 6t.

AUCTION SALES.

WILL BE SOLD AT TOWLE'S AUCTION AND Commission House on this (Friday) evening, at 7 o'clock, a variety of Dry Goods, Ladies and Childrens SHOES, and Fancy Goods.

Also one elegant Cameo set Jewelry warranted Gold.

On Saturday morning, at 10½ o'clock, usual sales of Furniture, Crockery and Tin ware, several good Wagons and Buggies and other Goods.

Also one good Carpet.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Jan. 18-d1t. Auctioneer.

SHOT.

1,000 lbs. assorted Bird & Squirel Shot on consignment.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Jan. 19-d2t Auctioneer.

Select Boarding and Day School.

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK will re-open their school on Friday, 2nd of February, 1866.

Circulars forwarded on application.

Jan. 4, 124, 6w.

BOARD AND LODGING.

SIX OR EIGHT GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN comfortable board, at a short distance from the Capitol, permanently, or during the sessions of the Legislature and Convention, by applying to the undersigned, on Hillsboro Street, at the former residence of the late Secretary Hill.

MRS ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD.

Raleigh, Jan 15, 137, 1w, pd.

FOR RENT.

THE HOUSE AND FARM, [CONSISTING OF some 300 or 400 acres,] owned by Mrs Frank P. Haywood, about one mile east of the Capitol. Apply to W. R. MILLER, Agent.

Raleigh, Jan 11, 129, 1w.

*** Standard and Progress copy 1 week.

FOR SALE,

A Farm near Raleigh.

I OFFER FOR SALE A SMALL FARM CONTAINing 59 acres of land at Morrisville Station, 12 miles above Raleigh, on the North Carolina Railroad—about twenty five acres cleared, the balance well timbered. On the premises is a good two story dwelling, well finished, good kitchen, smoke house and other outhouses. Terms easy. Application may be made to me, through the Goldsboro post office, or of Dr. Daniel Cogdell, Field & Fireside Publishing House, Raleigh, N. C.

GEORGE E. TAYLOR.

Raleigh, Jan 16-133, 5t pd.

Fresh Garden and Grass Seed,

OF SUPERB QUALITY,

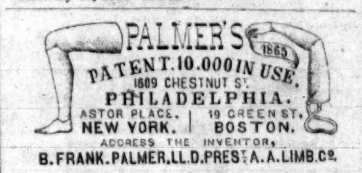
Warranted as represented from R. BUIST, the celebrated Seedsman of Philadelphia, Growth of 1865.

at PESCUD'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A large supply of Garden and Grass Seed, of the most choice varieties, for sale wholesale and retail.

Call and get an Almanac. My friends throughout the State, can send memorandums by the members of the Legislature. P. F. PESCUD.

January 18, 1866--135 tf.



B. FRANK. PALMER, LL.D. PRES'T. A. A. LIMB. C.E.

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world. the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO. H. TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.

Dec 5-10 -tf.

EDGEWORTH.

THIS FEMALE SEMINARY HAS BEEN IN successful operation since 1840, until occupied in 1864 by the Confederate Government. It is now relieved, and is for lease or sale. Apply to me at Greensboro, N. C. J. M. MOREHEAD.

Jan 15, 132, w6w.

SOUTHERN HOUSE.

HARRIS, GAINES & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

20 BEAVER STREET, NEW-YORK,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS of

Groceries,
Liquors,
Segars,
Tobacco,
Fruits, &c.

Prompt attention given to orders.

W. HOOPER HARRIS,
Late of Nashville, Tennessee.
JAMES L. GAINES,
Late of Asheville, N. Carolina.
R. R. & R. M. BEARDEN,
Late of Macon, Georgia.

Jan 12, 130, 2w.

Glen Anna Female Seminary.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL BEGIN JANUary 25th, 1866.

Board, [lights and washing extra,]	$50 00
English course,	15 00
Music,	20 00
Latin, French and German, each,	5 00
Drawing and painting in water colors,	10 00
Oil Painting,	20 00

The terms are on a specie basis. But payment may be made in provisions or currency.

MRS. N. S. DAVIS,
MISS T. A. WELFARE,
MISS M. E. CLEWELL.

For further particulars, address

MISS M. E. CLEWELL,
Jan 16, 133, 1w, pd. Thomasville, N. C.

NOTICE.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NORTH Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, wish to secure the services of a gentleman to act as VICE PRINCIPAL of the Institution, and in connection with that office to discharge the duties of the Steward. He must reside in the Institution, and be competent to take charge of the books and accounts of the Institution.

Applications must be made in writing to the Principal before the first of February to be laid before the Board or Directors. Address

W. J. PALMER, Principal,
Jan 9, 127, 2w. Raleigh, N. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

AT THE NOVEMBER TERM, 1865, OF THE County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Washington County, the undersigned qualified as Administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Jonathan J Lindsey, deceased.

All who hold claims against the estate are notified to present them for payment, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All indebted to the estate are notified to make payment immediately

CHARLES LATHAM,
Admr. with the will annexed.

Jan 12, 130, 1awfws.

Wanted,

BY A YOUNG LADY, A GRADUATE OF G. F. College, who has had five years' experience in teaching the English branches and Music, a situation in a private family. Testimonials given and required. Address immediately,

MISS L. Greensboro, N. C., Box 46.

December 2 1865-131-6-tf.

NOTICE.

I OFFER FOR SALE PRIVATELY NEAR THIS place, 2 0 barrels of corn, 5000 pounds pork, horses, mules, oxen, &c

I also offer on the Roanoke river near Jamesville, my farm containing 200 acres of land.

GEO M BURRAS.

Tarboro, N. C., Jan 2, 1866 12t. 1m

STOLEN,

FROM THE STABLES OF ORRIN SMITH, IN Warrenton, N. C., on Wednesday night, January 10th, 1866 a small black Horse, with star in the forehead, small white streak on the nose, one white foot [left hind one], thick bushy tail, slightly humped back at the loins.

I will pay Ten Dollars for his delivery to me, or any information that will lead to his delivery.

J. F. ALLEN,
Jan 17, 124, 1w, Louisburg, N. C.

TOURNAMENT!

A TOURNAMENT WILL TAKE PLACE AT Clayton, Johnston County, on Thursday, Jan. 25th. All knights in good standing are invited to attend.

G. H. FARIBAULT,
Jan 16, 31, pd. Chief Marshall.

JOB PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXecuted, with despatch.

Our arrangements are such that any of our friends desiring Job Printing can be promptly accommodated. Jan 17, 134, tf.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JAN. 7TH, 1866 trains will run as follows:

Going West.

	Mail Train.	Freight Train.
Leave Goldsboro,	5 10 P M	4 15 A M
" Raleigh,	9 00 "	9.00 "
" Hillsboro,	11.48 "	12.25 P M
" Greensboro,	3.10 A M	4.40 "
" Salisbury,	7.00 "	9 15 "
Arrive at Charlotte,	9.50 "	1.00 A M

Going East.

	Mail Train.	Freight Train.
Leave Charlotte,	3 00 P M	4.30 A M
" Salisbury,	6 05 "	8 40 "
" Greensboro,	10.00 "	12 50 P M
" Hillsboro,	1.20 A M	5.00 "
" Raleigh,	4.30 "	8 45 "
Arrive at Goldsboro,	7.45 "	12.40 A M

Mail Train connects at Raleigh with the R. & G. R. Trains for the North; at Goldsboro with the A. & N. C. and W. & W. R. Rds; at Greensboro with the Piedmont R. R., and runs daily.

Freight Train has a Passenger Car attached for the accommodation of passengers and runs daily, Sunday excepted. E. WILKES,

Engineer and Superintendent.

Jan 11, 129, 3m.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

COSMOPOLITE.

ON THE FIRST OF JANUARY WE WILL commence the publication, in the City of Baltimore, of a monthly

Literary Magazine.

There is no publication of this character now issued South of New York City, and the closing of the war has left a large portion of the people of the country with no literary representative.

The COSMOPOLITE will be devoted to

Literature, Art, Reviews, Scientific Papers and General Reading,

and we shall number among its contributors some of the first literary men of the country, with others from the North and from London and Paris.

All matter not original will be carefully selected from the newest and best of the English, French and German publications; and its Editors will pare no efforts or expense to make it rank with the VERY FIRST magazines of the country.

As its name imports, we have established the COSMOPOLITE upon a cosmopolitan basis. We hope to make it the organ of general literature alone; and will be circumscribed by any party or clique whatever.

It will be mailed to subscribers in any part of the country upon receipt of the following

Subscription:

Single Copies, for one year,	$4 00
Five Copies for one year,	8 00
Ten copies for one year,	15 00

The COSMOPOLITE will be generally distributed among the Merchants and Planters of the South, and we will add, for their information, a few advertisements, at moderate rates.

Liberal deductions will be made to booksellers and newsdealers.

Newspapers publishing this prospectus and sending a marked copy to the undersigned, will receive a copy of the magazine. address

DE LEON & CO.,
P. O. Box 266, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 18, 135, tf.

PROSPECTUS.

THE publication of the

The North Carolina Presbyterian

will be resumed in Fayetteville, on Wednesday, the 2nd of January next.

Confidently relying on the hearty support which we have heretofore received, we shall endeavor to render the paper more attractive, both in appearance and matter, than it has ever been, sparing neither pains or expense in the accomplishment of this purpose.

With the passing away of old things, a new spirit of activity, energy and enterprise, has been infused into every department of secular thought and business. Why should not the Church, also, partake of the progressive advancement? Why should she, of all the agencies brought to bear with such tremendous force upon the civilization of the present time, be inefficient, laggard and almost hopeless in the working out of her own destiny?

To arouse the church to the importance and necessity of work; of unceasing, restless, tireless energy in the service of her Master and Head; this shall be our first and chiefest aim. In this we need assistance. We are not, alone, sufficient for these things. Our brethren must help us in every way; by contributions from the rich stores of thought and study; by zealous co-operation in a common cause, for the benefit of all; by extending our circulation throughout all our borders, and thus giving us the means and the opportunity of performing well the work to which we have consecrated all that we have, and all we hope for on earth.

TERMS:

Subscription for one year,	$4 00
" " six months,	2 00

Address B. FULLER,
Editor of the N. C. Presbyterian.

Jan 18, 135, tf

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

RALEIGH DISTRICT.

Hillsboro,	January 27, 28,
Louisburg,	February 3, 4,
Raleigh,	February 10, 11,
Alamance,	February 17, 18,
Orange and Chapel Hill, at Fletcher's Chapel,	February 24, 25,
Tar River, at Franklinton,	March 3, 4,
Person, at Harris' Church,	March 10, 11,
Wake, at Asbury,	March 17, 18.

The District Stewards, D. D. Phillips Jones Fuller, J. B Littlejohn, John Palmer, John Tanscott, Col. Parrish, S. Poole, W. R. Webb and Frank Page, will please meet me in the Methodist Church, in Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 7th of March, at 11 o'clock A. M. N. F. REID, P. E.

P. S. My address is Thomasville, N. C.

First Round of Quarterly Meetings for Newbern Dist., N. C. Conference for 1866.

Beaufort,	February 3 and 4,
Straits,	" 10 and 11,
Trent,	" 17 and 18, at Trenton.
Newbern,	March 3 and 4,
Kinston Circuit,	" 10 and 11 at Kinston.
Snow Hill,	" 17 and 18 at Jerusalem.
Wilson and Goldsboro',	Mar 31 and Ap'l 1 at Wilson.
Wilson Circuit quarterly meeting,	April 7th and 8th at Mt. Pleasant.
Smithfield circuit,	April 14 and 15 at Smithfield.
Everettsville Circuit,	April 21, 22, at Smith's Chapel.

D. B. NICHOLSON.

Jan 9, 127, 1w.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville Street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store.

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Jan'y 10-128—3m.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

We invite special attention of purchasers to our large and interesting stock of

Miscellaneous Hardware,
Wooden Ware,
Willow Ware,
Crockery Ware,
Glass Ware,
China Ware,
Pot and Hollow Ware,
Stone Ware,
Tin Ware,
Iron and Steel Buggy Material,
Bridles,
Saddles,
Harness,
Collars, &c.,
Lamp Lanterns,
Oils, Paints,
Varnishes and Brushes.

—ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES.

In fact, for anything in the

House-Keeping Line.

Call at

44 Fayetteville Street.

J. BROWN,

With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, Jan 15, 127, tf.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

Extra Engine Oil,
Metallic Lubricating Oil,
Kerosene Oil,
Counter and Union Scales,
Extra Weights, by the Sett.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS,
Jan 15, 132, tf. 44 Fayetteville Street.

GREAT SENSATION!!

The Parisian Monarch Dethroned!!!

THE WORLD OF FASHION

AT

FARRISS & LACK'S,

SELECTING THEIR OUTOUT FROM THEIR fresh arrivals of Goods, consisting of

New Broadcloths,
Beaver Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Splendid Overcoats,
Collars,
Cravats,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Valises,
Handkerchiefs,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ Call and inspect Goods and Garments.

Fine Merchant Tailoring

is still carried on, but upon a larger basis than ever before attempted in the South.

An Entire Suit of Clothes

made up, at any moment, on 12 hours' notice.

Their Goods are all new, they have a splendid Cutter, and Needlemen whose work will compare favorably with any executed in Europe or in this country.

Jan 5-126—3m.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

79 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods.

☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped, on all Rail Roads, and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

THOS. J. SUMNER,	Charlotte,	N C
DANIEL WORTH,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. MURPHY,	New York City,	
ROBERT R. SWEPSON,	" "	
G. W. SWEPSON,	Haw River,	N C
C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro,	"

October 26, 1865-69 tf.

WANTED.

A SITUATION IN SOME SCHOOL OR PRIVATE family, by a young lady, who is fully qualified to teach all the English Branches usually taught in our best Seminaries, together with French, Latin, and Music on the piano. She has had several years experience as a Teacher. For further information, address REV. SOLOMON LEA,

Leasburg, Caswell County, N. C.

Jan 12, 130, 3w.

LARGE SALE OF FOUNDRY

—AND—

MACHINE PROPERTY.

CONSISTING OF

ENGINES, LATHES, TOOLS, PLOWS, IRON, BELTING, &c.,

In Raleigh, N. C., on Thursday, Jan. 25, 1866.

WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION, AT THE NORTH State Iron and Brass Works, in Raleigh, N. C., the valuable property owned by Shay, Williamson & Co., consisting of large Foundry and Machine Shops, located immediately on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, and the real estate whereon the same are located. The real estate is very valuable, and consists of two lots.

The first lot is on the corner of Hargett and West Streets, with a good Rail Road front, and on this are the Foundry, Brass and Iron Machine Shops, Blacksmith Shops, &c., &c. With this property will be sold a large assortment of Patterns, consisting of Gearing, Plows, and Mill Iron Patterns and in fact Patterns for all castings used in this locality, the original cost of which was at least $20,000.

The second lot is bounded by Harget Street and the R. & G. Rail Road, and has on it a good dwelling house of five rooms, a large Brick Warehouse, and a never failing spring, (said to possess valuable mineral properties,) together also with large yard, stables, &c., &c.

This sale will embrace a large assortment of valuable Machinery and Tools, consisting in part of the following, viz:

1 Twenty-four horse power Stationary Engine, new.
1 Eighteen horse power, portable Engine, in perfect order.
2 Large Screw Cutting Lathes.
1 Large Turning Lathe.
2 New hand Lathes.
1 Wood Lathe.
1 Scroll, Saw and Table Lathe.
3 Rip Saw and Table Lathes.
1 Dimple Fan.
1 36 in Circular Saw.
1 Gr st Mill, in perfect order.
1 Sampson and Pac's large Punch and Shearers.
1 Woodworth's Planer.
50 Feet shafting Pulleys and Hangers.
300 Feet 2, 3, 4, 10 and 12 inch Belting.
250 one horse Plows.
50 two horse Plows.
200 one and two horse Plows, without Woods.
2000 Plow Points, all kinds required.
500 Land Sides.
1000 Plow Bolts.
5000 pounds 3, 4, 5 and 8 inch Dagon Iron.
3000 pounds 1½ and 2 inch Tire Iron.
3000 pounds 1¼, 2, 3, and 5 inch Band Iron.
3000 pounds ⅛, ¼, ⅜, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 1 and 1¼ inch Round Iron.
15,000 pounds Nos. 14 and 15 Shovel Plate Iron.
10,000 pounds Tank Iron, 5 to 7 feet long, 3-16 inches thick.
2000 pounds Blacksmith's Tools, consisting of Anvils, Tongs, Hammers, Swedges, &c., &c.
10,000 pounds Pig Iron.
20,000 pounds Wrought Scrap Iron.
100,000 pounds Cast Scrap Iron.
20,000 pounds Grindstones
1,000 pounds Brass and Copper.
500 pounds Nos. 5 and 6 Wire.
200 pounds Cast Steel.
100 pounds Refined Borax.
15 dozen Cast Steel Axes
12 dozen Shovels, without handles.

One new two horse iron axle farm wagon and harness; one fine bay horse; 50 cords wood; bench, vices, stocks, dies and taps mill, taper and bastard files, lathe tools, cold chisels, etc.

At the same time and place will be sold the Shafting, hangers, pulleys, belting, and all the machinery complete to run a bucket, pail and measure Factory. The attention of farmers is especially invited to the above sale as there will be sold a large number of new and well made plows 1 and 2 horse, in lots to suit purchasers, beside a large number of shovels and other agricultural implements.

TERMS.—For the personal property, *cash*, for the real estate, terms will be made known on day of sale. Sale will be positive, regardless of weather, and will continue from day to day until the whole of this valuable property is sold.

The property can be seen by application to the undersigned. **B. P. WILLIAMSON,**

Sole Agent for Shay, Williamson & Co.

Raleigh, Jan. 18 135 6t.

P. S. In addition to the above, will be sold one Hydraulic Press, in good order, and one fine thorough bred Gray Mare. B. P. W.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,

PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF

THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel

HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor. 35 full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the 'Genuine Salamanders' has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York prices, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.

Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs,) Wilmington, N. C.

Dec. 4-100-tf.

A NO. 1 COTTON PLANTATION

For Lease or Rent,

WITH TENABLE LAND SUFFICIENT FOR raising 400 or 500 bales of Cotton; large dwelling house, gin house and all other necessary buildings, situated 12 miles from Charlotte, and 2 miles from Harrisburg Station, N. C. Rail Road.

The necessary mules, stock, &c., for the place will be sold to the lessee. Apply to

J. L. MOREHEAD,
Charlotte, N. C.

Jan. 2-121-10t.

LOUISBURG

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights,	$50 00
Tuition in regular course including Latin,	20 00
EXTRA STUDIES.	
Music on Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
French and Drawing, each,	10 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Needle Work,	5 00

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.

T. M. JONES.

Jan. 12-130-tf.

J. D. FLANNER,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,

Old County Wharf,

Foot of Craven Street,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

October 30-69-3mos.

HOUSE FOR RENT.

I WILL RENT FOUR GOOD ROOMS IN A HOUSE on Fayetteville street. Apply immediately to A. R. RAVEN,

At Branson & Farrar's Book Store.

Raleigh, Jan. 1-129-1w.

WANTED.

A GOOD TANNER, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A Tannery in Edgecombe County, near Tarboro, N. C. A comfortable house and sufficient land attached to get wood, make bread, and raise meat.

Apply immediately with references, to

DR. J. W. JONES, Tarboro, N. C.

December 16, 1865-101-2w.

☞ *Standard* please copy.

JOHN M. CONWAY,

(Successor to Geo. W. Powers & Co.)

Commission Merchant,

Agent for the sale of

COTTON YARNS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DRILLS, OSNABURGS, &c., &c

☞ Consignments and Orders solicited.

15 Park Place, New York.

Dec 23-115-1aw 6ts.

DISSOLUTION.

OFFICE OF NORTH STATE IRON & BRASS WORKS, Raleigh, N. C., Dec'r 23, 1865.

THE FIRM OF SHAY, WIDLIAMSON & CO. IS dissolved from this date.

B. P. Williamson, Raleigh, N. C, is appointed sole Agent to close up the business.

SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.

Dec. 23th1865, 115, t24jan.

NOTICE.

HAVING BEEN ELECTED PRESIDENT OF Olin College at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, I give notice, that the school will be opened at the usual time in January, 1866. An advertisement, stating full particulars, will shortly appear. Address me at Olin, Iredell County, N. C.

JAMES SOUTHGATE, President.

Dec 23-116-tf.

H. C. WHEELER,

OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,

WITH

JAMES PALMER & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.

No. 439 Market Street,

Philadelphia.

Nov. 11 81-6m.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands.

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptions.

$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$10,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE

PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

☞ Great inducements to persons wishing to buy by wholesale. PH. THEIM

December 14-108-tf.

S. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office over A. E. Hall's Store,

No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,

Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6. 1865-26-tf

TO OUR FRIENDS.

WE STILL CONTINUE TO SELL BOOKS AND Stationery, and all other goods in our line. We cannot sell at cost. If we do so, we shall soon be unable to buy other Goods. We have been trading in our line for several years. Our friends have always patronized us largely, for which we are thankful. We have always tried to make a *living profit* on our Goods, and at the same time to give general satisfaction to our customers. We intend still to follow the same rule, which we think fair and honorable. Such books as we do not have on hand we will order for our friends.

Among our late arrivals we have Methodist Hymn Books, Episcopal Prayer Books, Illustrated Children's Books in great variety, Photographs of Southern Generals, and Photograph Albums.

We have also a great variety of Common and Fine Bibles and Testaments. Also a large variety of Sheet Music.

We try to keep all School Books wanted by Teachers, to whom we sell at a liberal discount.

Call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

We are prepared to do the best BOOK BINDING in the neatest style at short notice.

We want to trade with our friends for years to come, hence we will sell as cheap as we can under the circumstances.

BRANSON & FARRAR,

No. 40 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Raleigh, Jan 4, 123, 1m.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.

WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,

Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding and

GENERAL COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.

AGENTS FOR

MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES

BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.

General Vessel Agents.

November 29 96-1y.

Winston's Reports.

LAW Reports, June Term,		1864,	$2 25
Equity "	"	"	75
Law "	Oct. & Dec. Terms,	"	2 25
Equity "	December "	"	75

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Raleigh, Nov 25-83-tf.

NEW ARRIVAL

OF

Drugs Medicines,

Paints

Oils, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Wines, Brandy, Spices, Extracts, &c., &c.,

AT

Pescud's Drug Store,

ALL WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE,

and will be sold at reduced rates for cash, or barter, in exchange for

FLAX SEED, YELLOW WAX, COTTON AND PROVISIONS.

SYRINGES, Male and Female in great variety, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPIT CUPS, for the Sick Bed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

BED PANS, Male and Female Urinals, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TRUSSES, single & double, in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PHYSICIANS' Medical Saddle Bags and Pocket Cases, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PLANTATION Combs for Darkies, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

30 DOZ. Plantation Bitters, very low by the case, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SOZODONT, and *Odontine*, at reduced price, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, that most delicate and popular perfume, at reduced rates, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MAGNOLIA WATER, certainly the most popular Cologne introduced since the surrender—may be had at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

ADAMS' Flesh Brushes, the best known, for sale at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PURE Cod Liver Oil, various brands, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPICES of all kinds, in great variety, (whole and ground) at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STARCH, Indigo, Fig Blue of best quality, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

KATHAIRON, Tricophorus, Cocoaine, Phalon's and Webster's Hair Invigorators, Black and White Pomatums, and Philecome, Pomades, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CHEROKEE Remedy and Female Pills, at PESCUDS DRUG STORE.

HEMBOLT'S & Smolander's Extract Buchu, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, and R. R. Pills, and Perry Davis' Pain Killer, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

AYERS', Strong's, Beckwith's, Brandreth's, Deems', Jayne's, and other popular pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MOUNT EAGLE TRIPOLI for cleansing Metals of all kinds, Window Glass and Mirrors, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HECKER'S, Farina, and **Corn Starch** for Custards, Puddings, and Blanc Mange, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

WOLFF'S Scheidam Schnapps, Pure Old Port and Sherry Wine and Cognac Brandy, selected expressly for medical purposes, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

VERY Superior Green and Black **Tea** at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CANARY Bird and Kemp **Seed**, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

COSTAR'S Rat, Insect and Bed Bug Exterminator, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TOBIA'S Condition Powders for Horses and PESCUD'S.

PURE Bermuda Arrow Root, and Cox's Gelatine at PESCUD'S.

CHLORIDE LIME in one pound bottles, at PESCUD'S.

KEROSENE Oil and Lamps, at PESCUD'S.

PURE Sperm and Sweet Oil, at PESCUD'S.

ALL kinds of **Paints**, dry and ground in Oil in assorted packages, at PESCUD'S.

PAINT and Whitewash Brushes, at PESCUD'S.

MUSTANG LINIMENT, McAlister's Ointment, and Gray's Ointment, at PESCUD'S.

AZAMEA and Durkees' Baking Powders, at PESCUD'S.

BATCHELOR'S and Phalon's Hair Dye, at PESCUD'S.

LUBIN'S Toilet Powder and Puffs, at PESCUD'S.

SUP. Wax Matches, at PESCUD'S.

COCHINEAL and Solution of Tin, at PESCUD'S.

CORKS for Bottles and Vials, at PESCUD'S.

ELIXIR'S Peruvian Bark and Protoxide Iron, at PESCUD'S.

HOSLETTER'S Bitters, at PESCUD'S.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery, at PESCUD'S.

Raleigh, Oct. 26-69 tf.

NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C., who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

Being so well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE T. COOKE,

Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.

sep 2. 1865-24-tf.

SELECT SCHOOL.

WILSON, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL BEGIN JANUARY 8th, and continue twenty weeks. Tuition payable in specie or its equivalent.

For Primary English Branches from	$15 to 20 00
" Higher " "	25 00
" Latin and Greek,	30 00

Only a limited number of students will be received.

Address GEO. W. ARRINGTON, Principal.

Wilson, Jan 6—125, 4w.

LORILLARD

FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF

NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $1,012,000.

C. NORWOOD, Prest, JNO. C. MILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.

November 22-90-tf.

☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

JACOB KULL & SONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

November 23-91-6m-pd.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of **Taw's Celebrated Car Grease**, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels Canary Yellow **Rail Road Car Grease.**

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.

Greensboro, October 6-52-tf.

W. H. McRARY & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Wilmington, N. C.,

HAVE recently been appointed Agents of the State of North Carolina, of the PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY, and also Agents of the UNADULTERATED FLOUR OF BONE COMPANY.

We expect a supply of these invaluable Fertilizers in a short time and solicit orders for the same from our old customers and farmers generally.

Dec. 6 102-1m

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandize, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 12-82-tf.

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO. Agents.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

PALMER, HARTSOOK & CO.

WHOLESALE

Auction and Commission House,

Cary and Dock Libby Buildings,

RICHMOND, VA.

☞ GOODS SOLD by PACKAGE ONLY.

Proprietors U. S. Bonded Warehouse, No 1.

GEO S. PALMER, late of Wadsworth, Turner & Co.
DAN'L J HARTSOOK, late of Howardsville, Va.
WM. B. ISAACS, of Wm. B. Isaacs & Co., Bankers.

October 6-52-3mos.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF

NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier,*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

Insurance Company,

OF

New Orleans, Louisiana.

CAPITAL, - - - $565,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent.

Raleigh, Nov. 3-74-tf.

JOHN S. DANCY, (Of Tarboro, N. C.) JOHN H. HYMAN, (Late of Scotland Neck, N. C.)

F. M. HYMAN, (Late of Warrenton, N. C.)

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

Commission and Purchasing Merchants.

No. 80 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

HAVING RESUMED OUR OLD BUSINESS, WE are now prepared to receive all kinds of Produce, and to make purchases of Goods and supplies for our friends.

Dr. JOHN ARRINGTON, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

FORWARDING AGENTS:

W. H. McRARY & CO., Wilmington N. C.
HUGHES & DILL, Newbern, N. C.
GEORGE H. BROWN, Washington, N. C.
SMITH & BRO., Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 13-82-6m.

Change of Time.

R & G RAILROAD COMPANY,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C, November 4, '65.

Change of Schedule.

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Raleigh,	4 30 A. M.
Arrive Gaston,	10 30 "

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Gaston,	2 15 P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	8 15 "

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points

ALBERT JOHNSON,
Superintendent.

76-tf.

☞ Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

M. J. Moore,

Of Stokes County, N. C.,

WITH

Hood, Bonbright & Co

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

Philadelphia.

No. 529 Market Street.

Nov. 9-79-6m.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

AND

Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMPANY, New York.
Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N. C., Sep. 16 35 6m pd.

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD.

PURVIS & COMPANY,

Bankers,

No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

WE TRANSACT THE

GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE MERCANTILE COLLECTION,

AND

STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,

In all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms.

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.

Nov 16-85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

HENSHAW & THORBURN,

COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74 6ms.

JOHN HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NEWBERN, N. C.

50-3m-pd.

Members of the Legislature

CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH FIRST Class Board and Lodging, or Table Board on application at C. J. IREDELL & CO,

No 1 Fayetteville Street, N. C. Book Store,

Nov 28 95 2w. Raleigh, N C.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BUSINESS,

in all its branches.

Each member of the firm is a practical printer, and, with an experience of twenty years each, they confidently appeal to the people of their native State for a liberal share of patronage.

They have one of the

Largest Printing Establishments

in the State, and execute their own work, which, for neatness and cheapness, cannot be excelled in the South.

The senior member of the firm has been for a number of years Superintendent of the Printing Office of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind which has always sustained a high reputation for neat and tasty printing.

They are prepared to execute, at short notice,

Visiting,
Invitation and
Business Cards.
All kinds of
Railroad,
Corporation,
School and
Court Blanks,
Bill and Letter Heads,
Bank Checks,
Circulars,
Handbills,
Posters, &c., &c

Particular attention paid to work in

COLORS AND BRONZE.

☞ Office in the rear of Williams & Haywood's Drug Store. Entrance on Hargett treet.

JOHN NICHOLS,
JOHN C. GORMAN,
JOHN B. NEATHERY.

RALEIGH, Jan. 17th, 1866-134 1m.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

RECEIVED TO-DAY!

Lady's Plain Blk Merino Shawls.
" Colored Cashmere "

Just Received,

A large lot of PISTOLS—Colt's, and Smith & Wesson's, with extra cartridges and caps. Call at

W. H. & R S. TUCKER.

By Express To-Day,

We have received a beautiful lot of

Printed DeLaines,
Armures,
Paper Cambric,
Dress Cambric,
Lead Colored Jeans,
Fine Brown Domestic,
Bed Blankets,
Gents' Travelling Blankets.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, Jan 10, 128, tf.

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

WE WILL BUY COTTON RAGS CLEANED, AT the highest cash price. Enquire at the

SENTINEL OFFICE.

Raleigh, January 3, tf